THE ANTIOCH NEWS.

VOL. XXVI. ANTIOCH, ILLINOIS, THURSDAY, OCTOBER 31, 1912 NO 9

BREAKS NECK AS RIGS HIT

Alexander Smith, Famous Dog Fancier, Instantly Killed At Barrington

HE WAS DRIVING TOO FAST

His Occupation was That of a Kennel Keeper for Rich woman at Glencoe

Alexander Smith, 49 years old, one of the most famous dog fanciers and breeders in the world, sustained a broken neck as the result of a collision between two buggies two miles north of Barrington at six o'clock on Tuesday night. Death was instantaneous. The inquest was hold Wednesday at Barrington, Coroner Taylor presiding. Mr. Smith bore the reputation of being a very reckless driver and the majority believe that no one will be blamed for the accident.

Smith had spent the day in Chicago and returning home to Barrington he started to drive to the Vickery Dog Kennels north of Barrington of which he has charge. These kennels are owned by Mrs. Augusta Crawford of Glencoe, a prominent Chicago and North Shore society woman who maintained them simply for a hobby.

Arthur Jayne, a well known farmer living at Honey Lake, near Barrington was driving in the direction of that village. The moon had not risen and the night was quite dark. Neither man noted the approach of the other apparently, until it was too late. Mr. Jayne tried to turn out when he saw the other rig approaching him at breakneck speed but it was too late. A moment later the other rig crashed into his buggy.

As if shot from a catapult, Smith's body hurled through the air ann landed in a heap at the side of the road. He landed on his head and his neck was broken.

After quieting his horse Mr. Jayne got down from his buggy and examined the body of the victim. He found that life was extinct. He quickly informed the authorities of the matter and the body of the dead man was removed to an undertaking room in Barrington. The coroner was notified.

Mr. Smith was an expert dog fancier and breeder in Scotland before he came to this country 16 years ago. At different times he had charge of famous kennels in Montreal and New York. Mrs. Crawford heard of his ability and secured him to take charge of the fine kenneis she established near Barrington last June. These kennels have been a marvel to all who have seen them. The houses are more like little palaces than anything else. No expense was spared to make them absolutely perfect. It is doubtful if there are any finer kennels in the country.

Besides his wife, Mr. Smith leaves two daughters, one of whom is the assistant postmistress at Glencoe where his family resides. The news of his sudden death proved a terrible shock for his family and they hurried to Barrington with all possible speed.

BEST IVORY MADE FROM MILK

Synthetic Chemists Seem to Have Discovered How to Improve on Natural Product.

One of the latest discoveries of the synthetic chemists is how to make ivory out of nothing more wonderful than cow's milk—and very good ivory at that, according to all accounts. The original idea was to use the new "ivory" for piano and organ keys because it preserves its original color indefinitely, whereas the genuing article turns yellow after a time.

But it has been found that the new product is not only an efficient substitute for ivory, but can easily be prepared so as to take the place of amber, horn, coral, celluloid and such like products, and, it is claimed, can hardly be distinguished from them.

It is in its position as a substitute for ivory that the new material has caused most surprise, however, because it has the appearance of being another instance of improving upon nature. The new ivory takes a very high and lasting polish, and probably will not lack a commercial field for itself, as natural ivory continues to grow scarcer and dearer year by year.

MRS. L. M. HUGHES DEAD

Was a Long and Patient Sufferer, but the End Was Unexpected

Wednesday afternoon at 2:45 o'clock death came to end the many years of suffering of Mrs. Leola Hughes of this village. For the past fourteen years she has been a patient sufferer, confined to her bed and wheel chair most of the time but always making the best of the situation.

Many times has death been hourly expected and as often has she rallied much to the astonishment of those about her. But when the end at last came it was in a way unexpected.

Her maiden name was Lillian E. Warren, and she was born at Packwaukee, Wis., Oct. 1, 1858. On the 31st day of October, 1883 she was united in marriage to Leola M. Hughes.

Besides her husband and an adopted daughter she is survived by two sisters, Mrs. H E. Potter of Fort Scot, Kan., and Mrs. Wm. James of Packwaukee, Wis., and one brother Mr. M. B. Warren of Waukegan.

According to the request of the deceased this obituary is shortened as much as possible. The funeral services will be held Saturday afternoon at one o'clock at the home, with burial in the Hillside cemetery.

OCT. WEATHER REPORT

Furnished By J. C. James, the Local Weather Man

Oct. 1912—Warmest day 80 on the 5th. Coldest day 25 above on the 24th. Average temperature 51.06. Rainfall 5.52 inches. Killing frost 16.

Oct. 1911—Warmest day 73 on the 3rd. Coldest day 27 above on the 24th. Average temperature 57.14. Rainfall 4.16 inch. Killing frost 23rd.

Oct. 1910—Warmest day 84 on the 18th. Coldest day 19 above on the 29th. Average temperature 54.99. Total rain fall 2.37 inches. Killing frost 23rd.

Oct. 1909—Warmest day 80 on the 18th. Coldest day 19 above on the 28. Average temperature 47.24. Total rain fall 61.100 inches. Killing frost 12.

Oct. 1908—Warmest day 84 on the 17. Coldest day 20 above on the 31th. Average temperature 52.14. Rainfall 1.15 inch. Killing frost 2nd.

Oct. 1907—Warmest day 82 on the 1st. Coldest day 24 above on the 24th. Average temperature 49.12. Total rain fall 1.05 inches. Killing frost 13.

Oct. 1906—Warmest day 78 on the 4th. Coldest day 21 above on the 11th. Average temperature 50.01. Total rainfall 2.25 inch. Killing frost 10.

No record of 1905.

Oct. 1904—Warmest day 90 on the 10th. Coldest day 23 above on the 27th Average temperature 53.03. Total rainfall 1.20 inches. Killing frost 27.

Oct. 1903—Warmest day 82 on the 3. Coldest day 24 above on the 24th Average temperature 50.91. Rainfall 90.100 inches. Killing frost 18.

Oct. 1902—Warmest day 75 on the 11th. Coldest day 28 above on the 13th. Average temperature 50.13. Total rain fall 3.67 inches. Killing frost 14.

Oct. 1901—Warmest day 84 on the 1st. Coldest day 24 above on the 25th. Average temperature 53. Total rain 61.100 inches. Killing frost 17.

SOO LINE NEW DEPOT OPENED TO THE PUBLIC

Antioch's long promised new depot opened to the public Thursday of last week, when train No. 6, south bound, made the first stop at the station and that day also marked the welcome closing of the old landmark that has served us a depot here every since the Wisconsin Central was built in the year of 1886.

This new depot has been a crying need in our village for a number of years and its delayed erection has been the cause of much impatience but now that it is at last a reality, the public in general is willing to agree that it meets all the requirements of our traffic.

It's location, on the west side of the track is a decided advantage, appreciated by the buss drivers and those who were obliged to cross the track many times daily to gain access to the depot.

It is a modern structure 28x68 feet, the south end is given to a ladies waiting room 20x28, the center is devoted to a general waiting room and ticket office combined measurements of the two being 28x80. Baggage and express room occupy the north end. The walls are painted green with lighter ceiling, the woodwork is of stained oak, and the entire building is heat by steam and lighted by electricity.

A covered platform extends 60 feet to the south and from it an uncovered platform continues south to the point where the new sidewalk is to be built.

SAMPLE BALLOTS LARGE

Six Party Tickets on the Election Ballots as Printed and Distributed

WILL BE HARD TO VOTE

So Many Candidates on the Ballot That Voters Will Have a Difficulty in Voting at The Election

Specimen ballots, to be used during the next few days as a means of instructing voters in reference to casting their ballots next Tuesday, were distributed this week and the voter is now getting his first glimpse of their big ticket, He thus has a chance to observe what he will encounter when he enters the polling booth next Tuesday.

The ballot is an immense sheet, 20 x 28 inches, and contains six party tickets in parallel columns. All of the tickets are nearly full length, except that of the Progressive and Socialists Labor.

Each full ticket contains the names, counting those of the candidates for president and vice president, though no votes are cast directly for them. More than half the length of the ticket is taken up with the 29 names for presidential electors. After this list comes the names of candidates for state offices, then Congress and representatives and finally the candidates for county officers.

Voting of a straight party ticket will be easy, as it can be done by placing a cross in the party circle at the top of the ballot and a ticket so marked will be counted as a vote for each candidate on the ballot with the exception of the two candidates for representative, each of whom will be credited with 1½ votes. But it is when the voter comes to split his ticket and vote for a portion of the candidates in another column that the difficulty comes. This difficulty will be experienced by the members of the Progressive party, as their voting act will not be complete until they turn from their own party ticket to another and mark the names of a candidate for each county office to be filled at the election. As each Progessive will have to do this or not record his votes for such candidates, it can easily be seen that the counting of the ballots after the close of the polls will be a very complicated and laborious process.

As a result of this slow count it may be expected that the results of the voting in the county will not be known until a very late hour on the night of the election, though it is probable that the vote for president and for governor may be taken first, leaving the more laborious part of the count to follow.

COUNTY WOMAN MISSING

Wife of Architect Who Drew Plans For Waukegan Fire Station Disappears

STUDENTS SEARCH WOODS

Her Automobile was Abandoned and the Search was Carried on Between Lake Bluff and Lake Forest

Mrs. Howard Shaw, wife of the architect, who drew the plans for the fire station and the Y. M. C. A., building at Waukegan, disappeared Sunday evening and for two hours the students of Lake Forest college and academy dragget the pond and searched the swamp on the Green Bay Road. While the search was being carried on Mrs. Shaw was found wandering about the edge of the swamp and was taken to her home.

Mrs. Shaw has been in poor health since the birth of a child about a month ago. Sunday afternoon she disappeared from their country house on the Green Bay road, just north of Lake Forest. She ordered her electric automobile and departed before Mr. Shaw was aware of her intention, When the husband was informed of Mrs. Shaw's departure five minutes later he ordered out their big touring car and began a chase north on the Green Bay road.

The big machine did not overtake the electric, but just before Mr. Shaw came to the swamp he saw his wife's car down in the ditch at the side of the road. It had been abandoned, and a hasty examination revealed that the steering mechanism had been broken.

A search of the neighborhood failed to discover Mrs. Shaw and the husband at once went for help. Neighbors of the family and a number of students in the Lake Forest academy were appealed to to form a searching party, With ropes and lanterns they went to the swamp and began a systematic search of the orasms. Mr. Shaw feared that in h r nervous condition and confused by the darkness his wife might have wandered into the pond.

Mr. Shaw declined to talk about the incident Sunday night. further than her nervous condition and confuse was responsible for her running away, and that her experience is not expected to have a serious effect upon her health. "Mrs. Shaw is alright," he asserted. "That's all I have to say.



VICE PRESIDENT SHERMAN DEAD

After a Long Illness James Schoolcraft Sherman, Died at His Residence at Utica, New York, at 9:42 Wednesday Night. aged 57 Years

RECORD IN FARM SALES

Nine Farms Have Been Sold and Changed Hands at Libertyville

Joseph Cudahay, the packer, has purchased three of the most important farms along the beautiful Milwaukee avenue drive south of Libertyville and towards Half Day during the past week and the sale, made through John Griffith of Lake Forest, is the most important made in years. The reason of this, is that the famous Gratton Stock farm owned for years by F. E. Marsh, who was one of the comers to the locality has passed into Cudahays hands through the deal.

The farms sold to Mr. Cudahay include:

Gratton Stock farm, of 520 acres.
Wells Brothers, 200 acres.
John Burmingham farm of 80 acres.

These farms brought about $200 an acre, the exact figures not being given out by Agent Griffith.

And it also develops that during the past several days, Samuel Insull has added acreage to his beautiful place which will give him about 2,500 acres in all. He has acquired during the past several days these places:

Peterson farm of 180 acres.
Treptow farm of 150 acres.
Follette farm of about 150 acres.
"Shorty" Miller place of 120 acres.

And, John Griffith, Lake Forest, purchased two large farms for himself, the dealer evidently having the foresight to make the purchase with the idea of holding the land for future market. Mr. Griffith purchased these places also well known farms in the same locality as the above:

Austin Clements place of 320 acres.
D. N. Hanson place of 320 acres.

These two farms are adjoining and give Mr. Griffith one half mile frontage on Milwaukee avenue and the Des-Plaines river.

Thus in substance, the fact is apparent that, during the past several days, farms south of Libertyville aggregating 2,240 acres have changed hands and taking the average of $200 an acre (much of it brought more and but a little, less) a total consideration in sales of about $450,000 is seen in the transactions.

MAIL SERVICE TO CHANGE

The New Service Will Effect a Few Towns in the Country

Within the next few days Postmaster General Hitchcock will begin the establishment of experimental carrier delivery in the smaller cities, towns and villages of the country, the patrons of which now must go to the post office to get their mail. The postmaster general announced that inauguration of this new service is imminent.

No more than $1,800 can be spent in any town. Congress appropriated $100,000 to experiment with carrier delivery at post offices of the second and third classes, which do not now have it.

Of the 473 post offices of the first, second and third classes in Illinois, 163 have carrier service and 370 have not. It is believed delivery service can be established at small expense in many communities.

The postmaster general argued the matter before congress. He said 45,000,000 residents of urban centers now enjoy free delivery of the mails through 2,541 first and second class offices while the 42,000 rural carriers serve 20,000,000 people living on the routes, This leaves between 25,000,000 and 30,000,000 without delivery service. It was to fill this gap that Mr. Hitchcock recommended as appropriation for experimental delivery in small communities.

BREAKS ARM WHEN THROWN FROM MOTORCYCLE

While G. P. Manzer was driving home last Saturday evening with a wagon and hayrack, Frank Carlson, who was riding a motorcycle without a light, ran into him, breaking an arm and otherwise bruising himself so badly that he was unconscious when picked up. He was brought to Lake Villa where he was attended by a doctor and later taken to his home at Fox Lake. So far he is doing as well as can be expected and it is not thought that serious results will follow, although he will be confined to the house for some time.—Lake Villa Correspondent.

Not Hers.

The day has passed when it was the proper thing to tell a girl you love every hair on her head. That doesn't show any more personal admiration than if you adored her complexion.

ROBBER PRAYS FOR FREEDOM

Stranger Enters Millinery Store at Noon and Takes Money From Drawer

IS DETECTED BY OWNER

The Shop is Owned by Mrs. J. W. Swanbrough on Genesee Street in Which She Employes Six Girls

One of the boldest and most unusual daylight robbiers that has ever occured in Waukegan, took place at 1 o'clock Saturday afternoon when a young man about 28 years of age, entered the millinery store of Mrs. J. W. Swanbrought, Genesee street looted the money drawer and stole one of the helpers' mesh bags. And, later when detected by Mrs. Swanbrought, he returned the money taken from the drawer, and, with his eyes turned to heaven and his hands clasped in prayer, he begged her to let him go and she did so.

Later, when she had found that Miss Hansen's handbag containg about $15 was gone, Mrs. Swanbrough reported the matter to Chief Tyrell who started for the fellow.

Mrs. Swanbrongh at just 1 o'clock heard somebody enter the store and stepping in from her work-room where six young women were at work, she asked him if she could wait on him and he asked:

"Is it 1 o'clock yet?"

Her repley was: "Yes, it is just 1 o'clock."

He continued: "Well, I was to meet a young woman here at 1 o'clock—hasn't she come yet?"

When told that she had not arrived he continued:

"I have not had my lunch yet. I hope she will arrive soon."

"You had better go to lunch and when she arrives, I will tell her to wait," said Mrs. Swanbrough.

The fellow insisted he had better wait, however, and, all the time petting the small dog and making himself at home although all the time he seemed to show himsefl to be a gentleman.

Mrs. Swanbrough then stepped out of the store into the workroom to hand out work to her young helpers. She was there but a moment, and when returning to the store, she heard the click of her money-drawer. When she got into the room, she found that the stranger was standing near the end of the counter, not far from the place where the money drawer is located in the counter.

Mrs. Swanbrough at once, suspecting something when she heard the click of the drawer, stepping to the money drawer opened it, saw her money was gone and at once turned to the fellow with a stern command of:

"Give me my money back."

With that he dropped his hand to his pocket, pulled out the money, about $26, and handed it over to Mrs. Swanbrough.

With that he dropped to his knees, lifted his hands as if in prayer and directing an appeal to Mrs. Swanbrough, said:

"Oh, please let me go for the sake of my wife and family. I'm sorry, please let me go."

"Wait," she said and then called to one of her girls, Miss Moran.

Miss Moran rushed to the store from the rear room and while Mrs. Swanbrough kept her eye on the fellow, Miss Moran counted the money which the fellow had returned to the owner. It was all there.

After she had found the money intact, she told the fellow to leave, suggesting that ne never repeat his act and he hurriedly left the place, going south. He had not been gone long when the other young women in the place began to look about to see if they had lost anything and Miss Hanson founk that her handbag and about $15 had been stolen from the rear counter.

When they found that the man's repentance was not what he feigned, the sympathy and kindness of the victims was changed—they sent for the police and Officer Tyrrell at once set the whole force to work to locate the thief.

SERIAL STORY

The FLYING MERCURY

By

Eleanor M. Ingram

Author of

"The Game and the Candle"

Illustrations By

RAY WALTERS

(Copyright, 1910, by Bobbs-Merrill Co.)

12

SYNOPSIS.

The story opens on Long Island, near New York city, where Miss Emily Ffrench, a relative of Ethan Ffrench, manufacturer of the celebrated "Mercury" automobile, loses her way. The car has stopped and her cousin, Dick Ffrench, is too muddled with drink to direct it aright. They meet another car which is run by a professional racer named Lestrange. The latter fixes up the Ffrench car and directs Miss Ffrench how to proceed homeward. Ethan Ffrench has disinherited his son, who has disappeared. He informs Emily plainly that he would like to have her marry Dick, who is a good-natured but irresponsible fellow. It appears that a partner of Ethan Ffrench wanting an expert to race with the "Mercury" at auto events, has engaged Lestrange, and at the Ffrench factory Emily encounters the young man. They refer pleasantly to their meeting when Dick comes along and recognizes the young racer. Dick likes the way Lestrange ignores their first meeting when he appeared to a disadvantage. Lestrange tells Emily that he will try to educate her indifferent cousin as an automobile expert. Dick undertakes his business schooling under the tutelage of Lestrange. Dick is sheer grit, and by making a test race meets with an accident. Lestrange meets Emily in the moonlit garden of the Ffrench home. Under an impulse he cannot control he kisses her and she leaves him, confessing in her own heart that she returns his love. The uncle of Emily, learning of her attachment to Lestrange, informs her that the man is his disbarred son, whom she has never seen before being adopted by him. He claims that his son ran away with a dissolute actress, refuses to acknowledge him, and orders Emily to think of Dick as her future husband. A big race is on in the south and Ethan French takes Emily to see it. The fame of the "Mercury" is involved in the success of Lestrange and Dick running the race.

CHAPTER IX.—(Continued).

The hours passed. One more car went out of the race under the grinding test; there were the usual incidents of blown-out tires and temporary withdrawals for repairs. Twice Mr. Ffrench sent his partner and Emily to the restaurant below, tolerating his seat. Perfectly composed, his expression perfectly self-contained, he watched his son.

The day grew unbearably hot toward afternoon, a heat rather of July than June. After a visit to his camp Lestrange reappeared without the suffocating mask and cap, driving bareheaded, with only the narrow goggles crossing his face. The change left visible the drawn pallor of exhaustion under stains of dust and oil, his rolled-back sleeves disclosed the crimson badge on his right arm and the fact that his left wrist was tightly wound with linen where swollen and strained muscles rebelled at the long trial.

"He's been driving for nineteen hours," said Dick, climbing up to his party through the excited crowd. "Two hours more to six o'clock. Listen to the mob when he passes!"

The injunction was unnecessary. As the sun slanted low the enthusiasm grew to fever. This was a crowd of connoisseurs—motorists, chauffeurs, automobile lovers and drivers—they knew what was being done before them. The word passed that Lestrange was in his twentieth hour; people climbed on seats to cheer him as he passed by. When one of his tires blew out, in the opening of the first hour of his driving and the twenty-fourth of the race, the great shout of sympathy and encouragement that went up shook the grand-stand to its cement foundations.

Neither Lestrange nor Rupert left his seat while that tire was changed.

"If we did I ain't sure we'd get back," Rupert explained to Dick, who hovered around them agitatedly. "If I'd thought Darling's mechanician would get in for this, I'd have taken in sewing for a living. How much longer?"

"Half an hour."

"Well, watch us finish."

A renewed burst of applause greeted the Mercury car's return to the track. Men were standing watch in hand to count the last moments, their eyes on the bulletin board where the reeled-off miles were being registered. Two of the other machines were fighting desperately for second place, hopeless of rivaling Lestrange, and after them sped the rest.

"The finish!" some one suddenly called. "The last lap!"

Dick was hanging over the paddock fence when the car shot by amidst braying, klaxons, motor horns, cheers, and the clashing music of the band. Frantic, the people hailed Lestrange as the black and white checked flag dropped before him in proclamation of his victory and the ended race.

Rupert raised his arms above his head in the signal of acknowledgment, as they flew across the line and swept on to complete the circle to their camp. Lestrange slackened speed to take the dangerous, deeply furrowed turn for the last time, his car poised for the curving flight under his guidance—then the watching hundreds saw the driver's hands slip from the steering-wheel as he reached for the brake. Straight across the track the machine dashed, instead of following the bend, crashed through the barrier, and rolled over on its side in the green meadow grass.

"The steering-knuckle!" Bailey groaned, as the place burst into uproar around them. "The wheel—I saw it turn uselessly in his hands!"

"They're up!" cried a dozen voices. "No, one's up and one's under." "Who's caught in the wreck—Lestrange or his man?"

But before the people who surged over the track, breaking all restraint, before the electric ambulance, Dick Ffrench reached the marred thing that had been the Mercury car. It was Lestrange who had painfully struggled to one knee beside the machine, fighting hard for breath to speak.

"Take the car off Rupert," he panted, at Dick's cry of relief on seeing him. "I'm all right—take the car off Rupert."

The next instant they were surrounded, overwhelmed with eager aid. The ambulance came up and a surgeon precipitated himself toward Lestrange.

"Stand back," the surgeon commanded generally. "Are you trying to smother him? Stand back."

But it was he who halted before a gesture from Lestrange, who leaned on Dick and a comrade from the camp.

"Go over there, to Rupert."

"You first—"

"No."

There was nothing to do except yield. Shrugging his shoulders, the surgeon paused the necessary moment. A moment only; there was a no protests, but he himself never left scattering of the hushed workers, a metallic crash.

From the space the car had covered a small figure uncoiled, lizard-like, and staggered unsteadily erect.

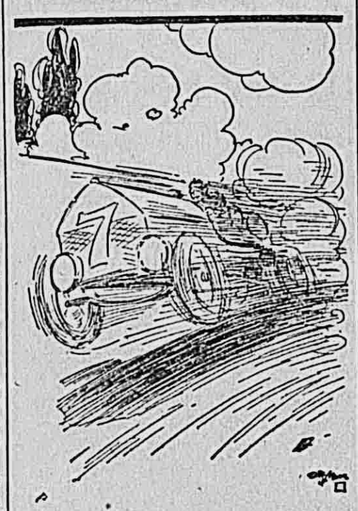
"Where's Darling Lestrange?" was hurled viciously across the silence. "Gee, you're a slow bunch of workers! Where's Lestrange?"

The tumult that broke loose swept all to confusion. And after all it was Lestrange who was put in the surgeon's care, while Rupert rode back to the camp on the driver's seat of the ambulance.

"Tell Emily I'll come over to her as soon as I'm fit to look at," was the message Lestrange gave Dick. "And when you go back to the factory, have your steering-knuckles strengthened."

Dick exceeded his commission by transmitting the speech entire; repeating the first part to Emily with all affectionate solicitude, and flinging the second cuttingly at his uncle and Bailey.

"The doctors say he ought to be in



Reappeared Without the Suffocating Mask and Cap.

bed, but he won't go," he concluded. "No, you can't see him until they get through patching him up at the hospital tent; they put every one out except Rupert. He hasn't a scratch, after having a ninety Mercury on top of him. You're to come over to our camp, Emily, and wait for Lestrange. I suppose everybody had better come."

It was a curious and an elevating thing to see Dickie assume command of his family, but no one demurred. An official, recognizing in him Lestrange's manager, cleared a way for the party through the noisy press of departing people and automobiles.

The sunset had long faded, night had settled over the motordrome and the electric lamps had been lit in the tents, before there came a stir and murmur in the Mercury camp.

"Don't skid, the ground's wet," cautioned a voice outside the door. "Steady!"

Emily started up, Dick sprang to open the canvas, and Lestrange crossed the threshold. Lestrange, colorless, his right arm in a sling, his left wound with linen from wrist to elbow, and bearing a heavy purple bruise above his temple, but with the brightness of victory flashing above all weariness like a dancing flame.

"Sweetheart!" he laughed, as Emily ran to meet him, heedless of all things except that he stood within touch once more. "My dear, I told them not to frighten you. Why, Emily—"

For as he put his one available arm about her, she hid her wet eyes on his shoulder.

"I am so happy," she explained breathlessly. "It is only that."

"You should not have been here at all, my dear. But it is good to see you. Who brought you? Bailey?" catching sight of the man beside Dick. "Good, I wanted some one to help me; Rupert and I have got to find a hotel and we're not very active."

Emily would have slipped away from the clasp, scarlet with returning recollection, but Lestrange detained her to meet his shining eyes.

"The race is over," he reminded, for her ears alone. "I'm going to keep you, if you'll stay."

He turned to take a limping step, offering his hand cordially to the speechless Bailey, and faced for the first time the other man present.

"I think," said Ethan Ffrench, "that there need be no question of hotels. We have not understood each other, but you have the right to Ffrenchwood's hospitality. If you can travel, we will go there."

"No," answered David Ffrench, as quietly. "Never. You owe me nothing, sir. If I have worked in your factory, I took the workman's wages for it; if I have won honors for your car, I also won the prize-money given to the driver. I never meant so to establish any claim upon Ffrenchwood or you. I believe we stand even. Dick has taken my place, happily; Emily and I will go on our own road."

They looked at each other, the like-



"I Am So Happy."

ness between them most apparent, in the similar determination of mood which wiped laughter and warmth from the younger man's face. However coldly phrased and dictatorially spoken, it was an apology which Mr. Ffrench had offered and which had been declined. But—he had watched Lestrange all day; he did not lift the gauntlet.

"You are perfectly free," he conceded, "which gives you the opportunity of being generous."

His son moved, flushing through his pallor.

"I wish you would not put it that way, sir," he objected.

"There is no other way. I have been wrong and I have no control over you; will you come home?"

There was no other argument but that that could have succeeded, and the three who knew Lestrange knew that could not fail.

"You want me because I am a Ffrench," David rebelled in the final protest. "You have a substitute."

"Perhaps I want you otherwise. And we will not speak in passion; there can be no substitute for you."

"Ffrench and Ffrench," murmured Dick coaxingly. "We can run that factory, Lestrange!"

"There's more than steering-knuckles needing your eye on them. And you love the place, Mr. David," said Bailey from his corner.

From one to the other David's glance went, to rest on Emily's delicate, earnest face in its setting of yellow-bronze curls. Full and straight her dark eyes answered his, the convent-bred Emily's answer to his pride and old resentment and new reluctance to yield his liberty.

"After all, you were born a Ffrench," she reminded, her soft accents just audible. "If that is your work?"

Very slowly David turned to his father.

"I never learned to do things by halves," he said. "If you want me, sir—"

And Ethan Ffrench understood, and first offered his hand.

Rupert was discovered asleep in a camp-chair outside the tent, a few minutes later, when Dick went in search of him.

"The limousine's waiting," his awakener informed him. "You don't feel bad, do you?"

The mechanician rose cautiously, wincing.

"Well, if every joint in my chassis wasn't sore, I'd feel better," he admitted grimly. "But I'm still running. What did you kiss me awake for, when I need my sleeps?"

"Did you suppose we could get Lestrange home without you, Jack Rupert?"

"I ain't supposing you could. I'm ready."

The rest of the party were already in the big car, with one exception.

"Take a last look, Rupert," bade David, as he stood in the dark paddock. "We're retired; come help me get used to it."

Rupert passed a glance over the deserted track.

"I guess my sentiment-tank has given out," he sweetly acknowledged. "The Mercury factory sounds pretty good to me, Darling. And I guess we can make a joy ride out of living, on any track, if we enter for it."

"I guess we can," laughed David Ffrench. "Get in opposite Emily. We're going home to try."

THE END.

Fitted.

"Miss Pinkie Pry has such an elastic step." "Yes, and a disposition to match." "What do you mean?" "She rubbers."

IN LONELY CORNERS

Scouts of Science Seek Strange Places of the Earth.

American Institutions Spend Vast Sums in Exploration and Send Their Men to the Darkest Spots of the Globe.

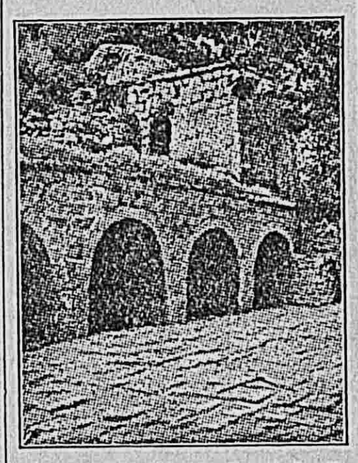
New York.—Up on the fifth or office floor of the American Museum of Natural History, just opposite the elevators, is a bulletin board, on which are painted fifty or sixty names of persons actively connected with the institution, all of them well known and many of them famous throughout the scientific world. Opposite each name is a little movable block of wood which shows whether the owned is in or out.

Inquiry discloses that some of the "outs" are not far away, but that many of them have been absent a long time; that they are in the lonely corners of the earth and that they are not likely to be in for another year or two. These scouts of science come and go at long intervals, but there are so many of them connected with the museum that every month or so some one marks his departure or arrival on the board.

As a matter of fact such institutions as the American Museum of Natural History, the Field Museum in Chicago, the National Museum at Washington, and various European institutions are doing the largest share of the geographic exploration of the earth just at present. The plan that each follows is usually the same.

First they send out one man alone, or two together, to penetrate some remote region about which nothing is known. This is really a scientific scouting party. The instructions are to move as quickly as possible, but to make a thorough survey of the scientific possibilities of the country. When the scouts come back and report then a large expedition is fitted out, arrangements being made for it to stay in the field several years. The scouts do not accompany this expedition. They are off on another reconnoissance in some other distant part of the world.

Within the last year or so, for instance, the Museum of Natural History sent E. O. Hovey to the West Indies and thence to the Chihuahua district of Mexico to study volcanoes. It sent Henry E. Crampton on three expeditions to Tahiti and the South Sea islands, and later to British Guiana and Mount Roraima. Frank M. Chapman has covered more than 65,000 miles in collecting materials for the



Ancient Architecture Found in the West Indies.

museum bird groups, he returned from Colombia recently.

Just before Prof. Andrews started on his scouting expedition after the Corean tiger, the writer asked him what he feared most in venturing into a totally unknown, unexplored region. Was it fever, or accident or hostile natives, or all those things combined?

"The only thing I ever worry about," replied Prof. Andrews, "is whether I will get enough to eat or not. On an expedition where you are traveling alone with just the smallest number of servants and going into a region that you know nothing about, you can take only a limited amount of food. For the rest you have to rely on the country.

"If you can't kill enough game or catch enough fish, or find food in some way, you're going to starve. If you have plenty to eat, you needn't worry about anything else. Broken legs, sickness, hostile natives and so on will come your way if it's down in the books that they're going to. But, no matter what else happens, you absolutely must have plenty of grub. If you don't, then you've got something big to worry about."

But whether a scout of science helps the staggering dogs to draw the sledge over snowy wastes or whether he cuts his way through the jungles of Java, the Moluccas or the Carolines, he is always meeting some other white man. Stefansson and Anderson encountered lone men of the Royal Mounted Police north of the most northerly forts of the Hudson's Bay company.

So it is that on every world end steamer they are likely to find some one they know or who knows some one they have met. Therefore, lonely as their lives are, they no sooner set foot across the threshold of civilization again than they begin to pick up the threads of gossip and adventure of others just where they dropped them two or three or five years back.

MEAN OF HIM.



He had a mighty touring car.
He made me mad as hops.
Five spacious empty seats there are
And yet he never stops.

FACE ALMOST COVERED WITH PIMPLES AND BLACKHEADS

Atchison, Kan.—"For a number of years I suffered very greatly from skin eruption. My face was very red and irritated, being almost covered with pimples and blackheads. The pimples were scattered over my face. They were a fine rash with the exception of a few large pimples on my forehead and chin. My face burned and looked red as if exposed to either heat or cold. It was not only unsightly but very uncomfortable. I tried several remedies but couldn't get any relief. I was recommended to use Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment.

"I applied the Cuticura Ointment in the evening, leaving it for about five minutes, then washing it off with Cuticura Soap and hot water. I washed with the Cuticura Soap and hot water also several times during the day. After about four months of this application, my face was cleared of the pimples. I still use the Cuticura Soap." (Signed) Miss Elsie Nielson, Dec. 29, 1911.

Cuticura Soap and Ointment sold throughout the world. Sample of each free, with 32-p. Skin Book. Address post-card "Cuticura, Dept. L, Boston." Adv.

A Lucky Find.

"Where'd ye git your new hired man?" inquired Farmer Heck.

"He came along as a candidate, and did a little reaping for me. I persuaded him that he had no chance of election and he decided to remain with me permanently."

Be wise; soar not too high to fall, but stoop to rise.—Massinger.

BAD BACKS DO MAKE WORK HARD

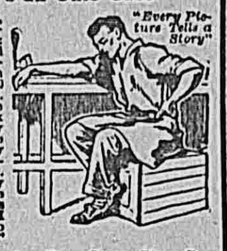
Backache makes the daily toil, for thousands, an agony hard to endure.

Many of these poor sufferers have kidney trouble and don't know it.

Swollen, aching kidneys usually go hand in hand with irregular kidney action, headache, dizziness, nervousness and despondency.

When suffering so, try Doan's Kidney Pills, the best-recommended kidney remedy.

Here's an Ohio Case



J. W. Priest, Third St., Marysville, Ohio, says: "I was in awful condition, having run down in weight from 220 to 150 pounds. The pains in the small of my back were constantly growing worse and the kidney secretions troubled me greatly. Doan's Kidney Pills cured me after doctors failed, and I have had no trouble since."

Get Doan's at Any Drug Store, 50c a Box

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

Whittemore's Shoe Polishes

FINEST QUALITY LARGEST VARIETY

They meet every requirement for cleaning and polishing shoes of all kinds and colors.



GILT EDGE, the only ladies' shoe dressing that positively contains Oil. Blacks and Polishes ladies' and children's boots and shoes, shines without rubbing, 25c. "French Gloss," 10c.

STAR combination for cleaning and polishing all kinds of russet or tan shoes, 10c. "Dandy" size 25c.

BABY ELITE combination for gentlemen who take pride in having their shoes look A1. Restores color and lustre to all black shoes. Polish with a brush or cloth, 10 cents. "Elite" size 25 cents.

If your dealer does not keep the kind you want, send us the price in stamps for a full size package, charges paid.

WHITTEMORE BROS. & CO.,
20-26 Albany St., Cambridge, Mass.
The Oldest and Largest Manufacturers of Shoe Polishes in the World.

READERS

of this paper desiring to buy anything advertised in its columns should insist upon having what they ask for, refusing all substitutes or imitations.

Pettit's FOR SORE Eye WEAK EYES Salve

Stops Backache

Sloan's Liniment is a splendid remedy for backache, stiff joints, rheumatism, neuralgia and sciatica. You don't need to rub it in—just laid on lightly it gives comfort and ease at once.

Best for Pain and Stiffness

MR. GEO. BUCHANAN, of Welch, Okla., writes:—"I have used your Liniment for the past ten years for pain in back and stiffness and find it the best Liniment I ever tried. I recommend it to anyone for pains of any kind."

SLOAN'S LINIMENT

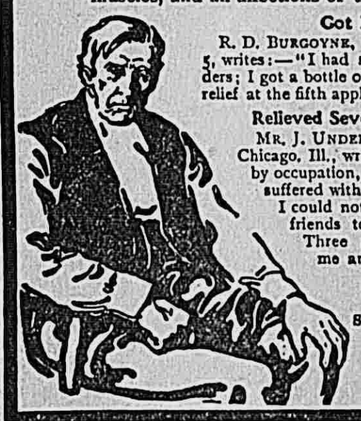
is good for sprains, strains, bruises, cramp or soreness of the muscles, and all affections of the throat and chest.

Got Entire Relief

R. D. BURGOYNE, of Maysville, Ky., RR. 1, Box 5, writes:—"I had severe pains between my shoulders; I got a bottle of your Liniment and had entire relief at the fifth application."

Relieved Severe Pain in Shoulders

MR. J. UNDERWOOD, of 2000 Warren Ave., Chicago, Ill., writes:—"I am a piano polisher by occupation, and since last September have suffered with severe pain in both shoulders. I could not rest night or day. One of my friends told me about your Liniment. Three applications completely cured me and I will never be without it."



Price 25c., 50c., and $1.00 at All Dealers.

Send for Sloan's free book on horses.

Address

Dr. Earl S. Sloan, Boston, Mass.

$927.33 NET FROM 3 ACRES

Remarkable, you say? You can do the same thing. Get some land in Mississippi or Louisiana.

On August 20, 1912, Mr. James A. Cox of Centerville, Miss., writes that in 1912 to date he had gathered 1029 crates of tomatoes and sold them for $927.33. And in this figure he did not take into account the culls which were sold separately.

IT'S THE LAND OF PROMISE

and corn, cotton, alfalfa, oats, fruits, vegetables, hogs and cattle. Better investigate. Write for illustrated booklets and full information to J. C. CLAIR, Immigration Comm., Room K600 Cent. Sta., I.C.R.R., Chicago

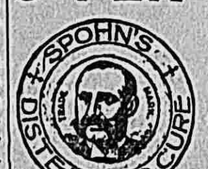
5 PER CENT SOLUTION

OF THIS COMPOUND WILL

Kill Germs

of Distemper, Pink Eye, Epizootic,

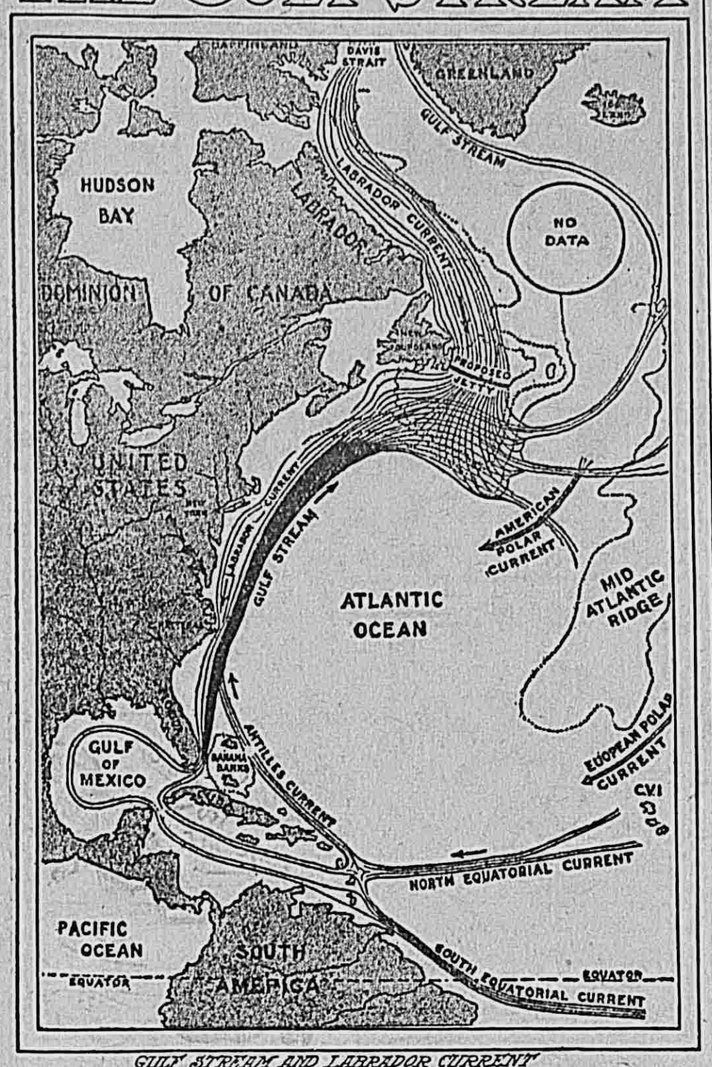
Catarrhal Fever and Influenza, under the microscope.



Given on the Horse's Tongue, it united with the fluids of the alimentary canal, thrown into the blood passes through the glands and expels the Germs of Disease. Absolutely safe and sure for Brood Mares, Baby Colts and all others. Do not depend on any powder in this class of Diseases. Give it to brood mares in time of distemper. Booklet, "Distemper, Causes, Cures and Prevention," free. Druggists and Harness Shops sell Spohn's Cure. 50 cents, $5.00 a dozen; $1.00, $10.00 a dozen.

SPOHN MEDICAL CO., Bacteriologists, GOSHEN, IND.

COULD SHIFT THE GULF STREAM



GULF STREAM AND LABRADOR CURRENT

IF we may credit a deep sea scientist, it will cost less than $190,000,000 to make Siberia a summer resort, start ice famines in Labrador, give Scotland an all day summer, with a temperature like Japan's; change the climate of the Atlantic coast to one like that of Southern California, melt all the ice on and around the north pole and open it to truck gardening. To do so will be cheaper, much easier and twice as quickly done as to build the Panama canal, says the New York Herald.

All that is necessary to accomplish these results, some of which would result from tipping the old earth sideways, is to build a riprap jetty about 200 miles long across the shoals extending eastward from Newfoundland, near Cape Race. That would stop the Labrador current, whose cold is capable of making 2,000,000 tons of ice every second, from running right into the Gulf stream, whose heat is equal to the burning of 2,000,000 tons of coal every minute. They meet now on the Grand Bank, where the water is only about 250 feet deep. The Gulf stream is split up and spreads out over millions of square leagues of the Atlantic.

Sink Labrador Current.

If such a jetty were built the Labrador current coming down from the Arctic would be turned eastward, and would be sunk so far when the Gulf stream met it that the latter warm blue river of the ocean would pass over the great cold river from the north pole. The warm Gulf stream would continue in almost undiminished volume to the northward and the Labrador current would run a mile deep through the great depths of the Atlantic, making the torrid zone about the equator cooler, while the Gulf stream would require only three months to melt every inch of ice around the pole.

Fantastic though this may appear, it has received the closest interest from the foremost men of practical science in America and other countries. Every detail of the astounding enterprise has been worked out by Carroll Livingston Riker of Brooklyn, who has made critics swallow their scornful prophecies in other enterprises. He built at 51 Dey street, in 1874, the first mechanical refrigerating warehouse ever constructed, and devised and constructed the refrigerat plant on board the steamship Celtic, which carried to Liverpool the first cargo of American dressed meats ever landed there.

He designed and constructed the first ice and cold air refrigerating machine ever constructed. He was called visionary when he proposed each of these, which have proved pioneers in great industrial equipment of the world.

When the federal government decided to make Washington, the national capital, sanitary by dredging the Potomac Mr. Riker designed and built the largest and most powerful pumping dredge ever constructed up to that time. It pumped up a solid block of granite weighing 1,300 pounds as if it were a pebble, lifting it 30 feet above the water, and snatched a big steel safe from the river ooze with the same ease. Then he built wharfs and jetties from Bar Harbor to the Magdalena river and salved the steamships St. Paul, Otranto and A. A. Shaw when they went on the beaches in famous wrecks. He was one of the American government experts who examined the dredging for the Gatun dam, at Panama, he surveyed Havana harbor for the Spanish government and prepared the system for disposal of Havana's sewage.

His record is not that of a visionary, and the respectful interest accorded him by his world-wide correspondents on the Great Bank jetty project indicates that he is known to the scientific world in no undignified aspect.

Figures Not Contradicted.

In the book "Power and Control of the Gulf Stream," just published by Mr. Riker, he discusses the problem of preserving to the universe the benevolent warmth of the Gulf stream for the destruction of the sterilizing cold of the Arctic. He goes into details to prove that the Great Bank jetty will do what he claims for it by preventing the destructive meeting of the great frigid and warm ocean streams. He shows that the material for the jetty is ready at hand, that the Labrador current will itself build up with its sand scoured from its Arctic course the barrier to its conflict with the Gulf stream, and he has exact figures and other data for all the amazing results he declares must inevitably follow the construction of that ocean dam.

"This work is most respectfully dedicated to him who now holds the power physically to control the world, its climates, its heats and its light, His Royal Highness and Imperial Majesty King George VI." is the dedication of the volume. Great Britain, of course, owns the territory upon which the Riker jetty must be constructed, if at all.

Ocean currents, he recites, control the distribution of tropical solar heat, the waters heated about the equator bearing away toward the poles the heat there absorbed and modifying lands near which they run. The great warm flood of the Gulf stream, 40 miles in width and 1,200 feet deep, with a temperature above 73 degrees Fahrenheit, is like a hot water pipe warming the Atlantic coast and adjoining regions as it flows northward.

The Labrador current, 250 miles wide and 200 feet deep, sweeps down from the Arctic with a temperature below 32 degrees, or freezing. It meets and robs the Gulf stream of its heat in the meeting on the Grand Bank.

His facts and figures are not contradicted by any of the scientists who have written to Mr. Riker on this subject.

Worked a Pun on the Professor.

Charles Edson, whose quaint drawings and rhymes have amused readers of The Star for a half dozen years, while a student at Kansas university, was asked one day by the professor of philosophy: "Mr. Edson, suppose the corpuscles in the blood flowing along in your veins had a consciousness as you have, would they not regard their relation to your body in much the same way as you regard the universe in its relation to you; might they not too have a philosophy of life?"

"Granting a corpuscle had a consciousness," replied Mr. Edson, "no doubt we would be as incomprehensible to it as is the universe to us; and if as it floated along in our veins a corpuscle formulated a philosophy no doubt it would decide it had lived in vein."

His Reasons.

"Why do you suppose Nero took the time to go fiddling when Rome was on fire?"

"I don't know, unless he thought it was a time of burning excitement."

SETTING THE TABLE AND SERVING THE MEAL IN AN ATTRACTIVE MANNER



Formal Dinner Served With a Maid.
Flowers obstructed the view of the table, hence they were omitted.

By NINA B. CRIGLER,
Instructor in Household Science, University of Illinois.

The setting of the table is, in a general way, familiar to every woman. The table is set and food is served three times a day and three hundred and sixty-five days in the year, not to mention dinner parties, receptions and banquets. This important subject, however, has been sadly neglected, and is, perhaps, the one least considered in the average modern home. It should be one of common interest, for the attractiveness of the table and suitability of dishes and service add much to the pleasure of eating, "the favorite pastime of the American people."

The old adage, "Man works from sun to sun, but woman's work is never done," is sanctioned by every intelligent housekeeper. The home demands nine-tenths of the ten hours, a working man's day, to carry on the duties of any well-regulated family. The preparation of the food itself, or cooking, is not a simple or single act. Time is involved; thought is involved; energy, economy and good management are involved. We must not stop here, the service of meals must receive its due proportion, and the attention it deserves. But you say the daily routine is so burdensome that by the time the meal is on the table there is no time for elaborate serving. Do not misunderstand. Simplicity of serving, suitability of dishes, beauty and attractiveness of the table, rather than an extravagant or elaborate service are suggested.

A very ordinary meal served from the kitchen in individual portions may be made extremely attractive by a well set table, by putting the right thing into the right dish, and by well organized serving, correct, simple, convenient and well adapted to any particular menu. As some one has most effectively said: "The dinner hour may be a time of conviviality and feasting, or a time of sordidness and necessity, depending on the delicacy and plainness of the service."

There are general rules and principles governing the setting of the table and the serving of meals. In the following outline of the setting of the table, the essentials of good form and taste and those simple but important rules which are best adapted to the majority of the people, have been selected.

Have the silence cloth thick enough to protect the table. See that it is smooth. The corners may be folded and pinned on the underside of the table. Asbestos pads are used successfully.

Have the table cloth of correct size to hang well over the ends and sides of the table.

Places should be opposite and at equal distances from each other.

Place cards should be small and inconspicuous—placed on the napkin or above the plate in line with the tumbler.

A vase of flowers gracefully arranged adds much to the attractiveness of the meal. Avoid high bouquets or set pieces.

Napkins should be placed at the left of the fork. Folds should be on the upper and left sides. Remove the napkin with the left hand and spread it over the lap with the right.

Plates should be arranged at even distances around the table. They should be placed right side up, one inch from the edge of the table. Plates may be arranged in one pile in front of the person serving.

Knives should be placed at the right, sharp edge towards the plate.

Fork or forks should be at the left, tines up.

Spoon or spoons should be placed beside the knife, bowl up.

Not more than five or six individual pieces of silver should be placed on the table. Extra silver can be served with the course when necessary.

Silver is placed or arranged so that the first piece to be used is on the outside or farthest from the plate.

Tumbler should be placed at the right opposite the farthest edge of plate or at the point of the knife.

Be sure that all the required serving spoons, knives and forks are on the table or are put on when the dishes are served.

For some of the preceding suggestions the writer has quoted from Miss Eva Robinson, Helen Hammel, Frances Springstead and others.

FIRST PRINCIPLES OF LANDSCAPE ART

By A. W. NOLAN,
Assistant Professor, University of Illinois.

Goethe's remark that "The beautiful must be taken care of; the useful will take care of itself," is to a large extent true today. The American people are slow to pay the price for beauty, especially in landscape art. We are entering upon a period, however, when the esthetic aspects of our surroundings are beginning to occupy our attention. Forestry is not one of the esthetic arts but an industrial one, the object of which is similar to agriculture, namely, the management of the soil for the production of wood crops, yet the natural beauty, the sylvan charm and the woodsy favor of a forest readily suggest the esthetic element which stimulates our artistic sense. It will be impossible to develop a satisfactory country life without conserving all the beauty of the landscape, and developing the people to the point of appreciating it.

Both the artistically kept part of the city and the natural neglected forest of the open country contribute the largest element to the picture in the landscape. The forest furnishes the background against which the farm scenes show most attractively. The broken sky-line of the trees, the variation in form and color of the leaves, the massing of shrubs at the borders of the forests, the seasonal changes of the foliage—all are details which the landscape gardener seeks to imitate in his efforts to give natural beauty to a bit of ground.

There are a few standard principles agreed upon by landscape artists which will guide all amateurs to use good taste in planting home and school grounds. These we may call the A. B. C. of landscape art.

A. An open greensward in front of the house.

B. Borders and backgrounds, massed with trees and shrubs.

C. Curved lines in walks, and arrangements of trees, shrub masses and flower groups.

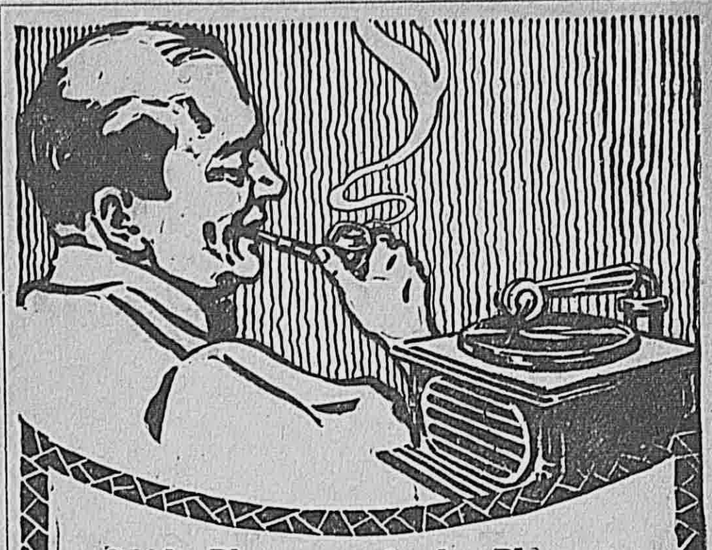
Under A, we must avoid cluttering up the green lawn with flower beds, sheared shrubs, and other artificial affairs. A single tree, beautiful in itself, is not objectionable on the lawn.

Under B, the taller trees and shrubs must be in the rear and the whole growth shade down in solid mass to the ground in front, where borders of flowers may be planted. These borders may swing out in curves into the lawn.

Under C, the requirements are that there shall be few straight lines in the natural landscape planting. If the walks are long enough, they should gently curve, and shrub masses may be planted in these curves. The trees and shrubs should not be in rows but in masses and groups curving naturally into the lawn. The angles at the building and ground should be broken by shrubs and flower borders.

There is little excuse for country home and school grounds being barren and unplanted when they stand in the midst of such a wealth of nature's material for making them beautiful. Fortunately nature has aided the indolent and indifferent man in many cases by growing the trees and shrubs in abundance about his home and school grounds. Where such is the case he ought to be enjoined from cutting them down except to shape their arrangement in harmony with the correct principles of landscape art. Where the native wild shrubs and trees grow naturally on home or school grounds, they should certainly be left with proper arrangement and control. Such native trees as the maple, the linden, the ash, the elm, the popular, the dogwood, the service berry, the buckeye and others, and such shrubs as the wild hydrangea, the azalea, the spice bush, the sumac, the choke cherry and elder, may be successfully transplanted from the forests and fields to the home and school grounds with little cost except the labor of love.

In school ground planting of trees we have the greatest opportunity to teach the practical lesson of conservation. If a boy helps plant and care for a tree he gets his first good lesson in conservation of national resources.



Smoke Pleasure and other Pleasures for the Man Who Smokes

Liggett & Myers

Duke's Mixture

There is smoke pleasure in this pure old Virginia and North Carolina bright leaf. Thousands prefer it to any other pipe tobacco. Thoroughly aged and stemmed and then granulated. A perfect pipe tobacco—nothing better rolled as a cigarette.

One *and a half* ounces of this choice tobacco cost only 5c, and with each sack you get a book of cigarette papers FREE.

The other pleasures are the presents that are secured with the coupons in each sack of *Liggett & Myers* Duke's Mixture. These presents delight old and young. Think of the pleasure that you and your friends can get from a talking machine, free, or such articles as—fountain pens, balls, skates, cut glass, china, silverware, tennis racquets, fishing rods, furniture, etc.



As a special offer, during November and December only we will send you our new illustrated catalog of presents, FREE.

Just send us your name and address on a postal.

Coupons from Duke's Mixture may be assorted with tags from HORSE SHOE, J. T. TINSLEY'S NATURAL LEAF, GRANGER TWIST, *coupons from* FOUR ROSES (*10c tin double coupon*), PICK PLUG CUT, PIEDMONT CIGARETTES, CLIX CIGARETTES, *and other tags and coupons issued by us.*

Premium Dept.,
Liggett & Myers Tobacco Co.
ST. LOUIS, MO.

HONOR FOR PICKANINNY.



The Old Gentleman—How did you ever come to be named Fido Johnson?

The Pickaninny—Why, old Jedge Smiff he don thought so much of me dat he named me after his dog.

A CURE FOR PILES.

Cole's Carbollsalve stops itching and pain—and cures piles. All druggists. 25 and 50c. Adv.

The man who invests in green goods must want money bad.

LEWIS' Single Binder gives the smoker a rich, mellow tasting 5c cigar. Adv.

A preachment by any other name would be quite as unwanted.

Your Liver Is Clogged Up

That's Why You're Tired—Out of Sorts—Have No Appetite.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS will put you right in a few days. They do their duty. Cure Constipation, Biliousness, Indigestion and Sick Headache



SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE.

Genuine must bear Signature

Brent Good

FREE TO ALL SUFFERERS

If you feel "out of sorts"—"run down" or "got the blues," suffer from kidney, bladder, nervous diseases, chronic weaknesses, ulcers, skin eruptions, piles, &c., write for my FREE book. It is the most instructive medical book ever written. It tells all about these diseases and the remarkable cures effected by the New French Remedy "THERAPION" No. 1, No. 2, No. 3 and you can decide for yourself if it is the remedy for your ailment. Don't send a cent. It's absolutely FREE. No "follow-up" circulars. Dr. LeClerc Med. Co., Haverstock Rd., Hampstead, London, Eng.

Make $50 a week as our agent. The Jewel Vacuum Sweeper sells on sight. Demonstrated in an instant. Attractive, Easy Payment club plan. Write now for our liberal proposition and exclusive territory. General Appliance Factory, Inc., Dept. C., Nashotte, Wis.

THOMPSON'S EYE WATER Quickly relieves eye irritation caused by dust, sun or wind. Booklet free
JOHN L. THOMPSON SONS & CO., Troy, N. Y.

PATENTS Watson E. Coleman, Washington, D.C. Books free. Highest references. Best results.

W. N. U., CHICAGO, NO. 44—1912.

FOLEY KIDNEY PILLS
FOR BACKACHE-RHEUMATISM KIDNEYS AND BLADDER
RICH IN CURATIVE QUALITIES-NO HABIT FORMING DRUGS

W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES



$3.00 $3.50 $4.00 $4.50 AND $5.00
FOR MEN AND WOMEN

Boys wear W. L. Douglas $2.00, $2.50 & $3.00 School Shoes, because one pair will positively outwear two pairs of ordinary shoes, same as the men's shoes.

W. L. Douglas makes and sells more $3.00, $3.50 & $4.00 shoes than any other manufacturer in the world.

THE STANDARD OF QUALITY FOR OVER 30 YEARS.

The workmanship which has made W. L. Douglas shoes famous the world over is maintained in every pair.

Ask your dealer to show you W. L. Douglas latest fashions for fall and winter wear, notice the *short vamps* which make the foot look smaller, points in a shoe particularly desired by young men. Also the *conservative styles* which have made W. L. Douglas shoes a household word everywhere.

If you could visit W. L. Douglas large factories at Brockton, Mass., and see for yourself how carefully W. L. Douglas shoes are made, you would then understand why they are warranted to fit better, look better, hold their shape and wear longer than any other make for the price. *Fast Color Eyelets.*

CAUTION.—To protect you against inferior shoes, W. L. Douglas stamps his name on the bottom. Look for the stamp. Beware of substitutes. W. L. Douglas shoes are sold in 78 own stores and shoe dealers everywhere. No matter where you live, they are within your reach. If your dealer cannot supply you, write direct to factory for catalog showing how to order by mail. Shoes sent everywhere, delivery charges prepaid. W. L. Douglas, Brockton, Mass.

Vote for TAFT and PROSPERITY

Vote the Republican State Ticket

Vote the Straight Republican Ticket, Congressional, Senatorial, Legislative and County

Stick to the Republican Party Nominees

THE ANTIOCH NEWS

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY BY

A. B. JOHNSON, Editor and Prop.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:
One copy, one year, in advance, $1.00

Advertising Rates Will be Furnished Upon Application

Telephone Antioch 581

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 31, 1912

VOTE IN BALLOT BOX IS ONE THAT COUNTS

REPUBLICANS SHOULD BE CERTAIN TO GO TO THE POLLS NEXT TUESDAY.

Taft Can Be Elected If Every One Who Wants to See Him Elected Will Go to the Polls and Vote for Him.

If everybody who really wants Taft elected goes to the polls and votes for him he will be elected.

There is no doubt as to the truth of this statement. The country wants Taft and a continuance of Republican policies under Republican administration. The only reason there has ever been any doubt of Taft's election has been a sort of "feeling" that there was no show for him. Within the past two weeks that feeling has been rapidly giving way to a conviction that he could win and a wave of Republican enthusiasm has been sweeping over the country.

This change in sentiment has been due chiefly to two causes: First, the collapse of the Third Term party campaign; and, second, the realization that in a business way the country has absolutely nothing to gain, while there would be grave danger that it would suffer a return to the hard times which characterized the last Democratic administration.

In the first blush of enthusiasm for the new party a great many Republicans believed there was a chance for Mr. Roosevelt to win. But as the campaign has progressed that hope has been shown to be absolutely futile. It is a matter of common knowledge that Roosevelt has gained practically no adherents from the Democratic party. This leaves him dependent upon the votes of the Republicans, and in order for him to win it will be necessary for him to get eight out of every ten votes in the country, basing the estimate upon the returns of 1908. Of course, everybody knows he cannot do that.

The only possible result of his candidacy, therefore, may be to endanger the election of Mr. Taft. And now with the certainty that either Mr. Taft or Mr. Wilson will be the next president every Republican is called upon to give his loyal support to the Republican ticket. In fact, everyone, regardless of party, who is satisfied with present business conditions and doubts the wisdom of a change should join to secure the re-election of President Taft and a Republican Congress. This could not possibly result in detriment to the business of the country, and it is equally certain that to return the Democratic party to power would bring about such disturbance. What is the sense in taking any chances?

Republicans everywhere should realize the absolute necessity of active work from now on until the polls close. Republicans in strong Republican precincts should especially appreciate the importance of making their vote as large as possible. The fact that they have a large majority in their own town or county should not be permitted to make them careless or indifferent about getting out their vote, for every vote counts in making up the state's total.

It should be remembered always that it is only the vote that goes into the ballot box that counts. Let every Republican bear in mind the fact that "if everybody who really wants Taft elected goes to the polls and votes for him he will be elected."

WILSON DENOUNCED

New Jersey Republicans Severely Arraign Democratic Candidate.

Trenton, N. J., Oct. 24.—Five thousand Republican delegates to the convention of the New Jersey State League of Republican Clubs today adopted resolutions strongly endorsing President Taft and condemning the third termer and the Democratic candidate, Governor Wilson of this state. Fully ten thousand enthusiastic Republicans from the twenty-one counties of the state came to Trenton today by special trains despite the fact that only half the number could be taken care of in the convention hall.

Resolutions were adopted with a hurrah severely denouncing Governor Wilson for his free trade views, his weak administration, his continued absence from official duties and his violation of the spirit of the corrupt practices act. The resolutions concluded as follows:

"His pandering to the railroad interests in vetoing the grade crossing bill which was designated to lessen the awful and unnecessary slaughter of human life at grade crossings throughout the state, and his hypocrisy in denouncing some of the leaders of his party, when such denunciation seemed popular, and his subserviency to others when their services were needed by him in building up his personal political machine, demonstrates his utter incapacity for the duties and responsibilities of the great office of president."

Former Governor Stokes, who was a Roosevelt supporter in the primary fight, swore new allegiance to the Republican party and was greeted with a storm of applause when he declared: "Those who desire good times for the next four years and who are opposed to misrepresentation and treachery, should arouse themselves in a nation-wide, patriotic fight for the re-election of William Howard Taft and the entire Republican ticket on November 5th."

A vote for the Republican ticket means no change in prosperous conditions. It means good wages and steady employment for the workingman, and good prices for the crops.

FOR PROTECTION AND PROSPERITY.

Your vote on Tuesday, November 5, for the Republican ticket is a vote for protection and prosperity. It is also a vote for the preservation of constitutional government.

A vote for the Democratic ticket is a vote for free trade, with legislation that will place farm products on the free list and will adversely affect practically every industry in the United States.

A vote for the Third Term ticket is worse than a wasted vote. Roosevelt cannot possibly be elected and a vote for him aids in the election of the Democratic candidate.

TAFT WOULD BE ELECTED

beyond any question if Theodore Roosevelt had not divided the Republican party when he failed to receive the presidential nomination.

The party was good enough for Roosevelt until Taft was nominated. Now he is trying to wreck it. His present position is a combination of selfish ambition and personal spite.

Why should you desert the party which has done so much for the country and thus given you a share in prosperity and progress?

Work and Sing.

Give us, oh, give, the man who sings at his work! Be his occupation what it may, he is equal to any of those who follow the same pursuit in silent sullenness. He will do more in the same time, he will do it better, he will persevere longer. One is scarcely sensible to fatigue whilst he marches to music. The very stars are said to make harmony as they revolve in their spheres.—T. Carlyle.

A Genuine Service

"I believe," says an old subscriber, "that everytime The Youth's Companion enters a home it does that home a genuine service." That describes the purpose of the publishers exactly. The paper is not filled with mischievous or idle thoughts to fill an idle hour. It provides healthy pastime, recreation that builds up. It is to the minds of eager and impressionable young people what sound athletics are to their bodies.

At acost of less than 4 cents a week The Youth's Companion opens the door to a company of the most distinguished men and women in America and Europe. Whether they are revealing the latest discoveries in science, or describing great industrial achievements or telling of their wanderings in strang corners of the world, or feeding the imagination with rare stories, they are giving Companion readers the best of themselves.

Seven serials at least will be published by The Companion in 1913, and nearly 200 other complete stories, in addition to some 50 special contributions, and a treasure-box of sketches, anecdotes, expert advice as to athletic sports, ideas for handy devices round the house and so forth—long hours of companionship with the wise, the adventuous and entertaining. Announcement for 1913 will be sent with sample copies of the paper to any address on request.

Every new subscriber who sends $2 for the fifty-two weekly issues of 1913 will receive as a gift The Companion Window Transparency and Calendar for 1913, the most exquisite novelty ever offered to Companion readers; also, all the issues of The Companion for the remaining weeks of 1912, free.

THE YOUTH'S COMPANY
144 Berkeley St., Boston, Mass.
New Subscriptions Received at this office

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS

FURNISHED BY

Lake County Title and Trust Co.
Abstracts of Title. Titles Guaranteed.
MASONIC TEMPLE BUILDING
WAUKEGAN - ILLINOIS
LOUIS J. GURNEE Secretary.

B C Harrison and wf to P M Ferris lot 3, Spafford's Add Antioch w d	$ 1 00
R W. Clauder and wf to D C Stocking 201 acres in sec 2, Wauconda twp w d	10 00
T W Smith and wf to Blanche R Doran lots 64, 65 and 66 Shaws sub in sec 18 Avon twp w d	300 00
Cordelia McKamy and wf to Samuel Simpson and wt 25 acres in sec 16 e Antioch twp w d	1 90
H B Smith and wf et al to C A Phelps lots 12 and 13 Smith's sub in sec 11 w Antioch twp w d.	1 00
C A Phelps and wf to L B Phelps lot 2 Smith's sub in sec 11 Antioch twp q c	1 00
Chicago Tittle and Truct Co to F G Granzo and wf lot 27 Wilsons sub Long Lake deed	125 00
Chicago Tittle ard Trust Co to Otto Damm and wf lots 40 and 54 Wilson's 2 nd sub Long Long.	475 00
C H Cartlidge and wf et al to Beatrice Gedsden et al lots 9 and 10 Cartlidge and Allens sub Long Lake w d	2500 00

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

OVER 35 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

PATENTS

TRADE MARKS
DESIGNS
COPYRIGHTS &C.

Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. HANDBOOK on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents.

Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive *special notice*, without charge, in the

Scientific American.

A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, $3 a year; four months, $1. Sold by all newsdealers.

MUNN & Co. 361 Broadway, New York
Branch Office, 625 F St., Washington, D. C.

Difficult Order.

Willie (at table)—"I want my pudding now, I don't want any old meat and—" Father (sternly)—"You keep your mouth shut and eat your dinner."

Moving Letter From Prison.

A commission in an eastern state investigating jail conditions, requested letters from the prisoners. They told the prisoners not to be afraid to give them the facts about conditions. The first letter opened was eloquent. It contained a number of live insects. The board hasn't opened any more envelopes.—Louisville Courier-Journal.

CHEAPER DELIVERY

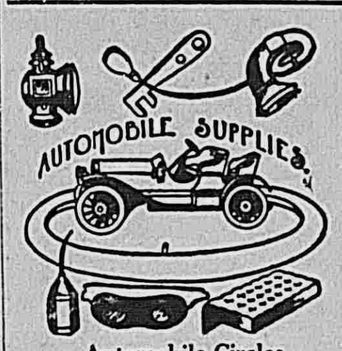


An exceptional opportunity is offered a live local man who delivers goods to secure a modern, reliable, new 1500 lb. motor delivery Truck at a special price. Truck lists at $300 and is one of the best known and most satisfactory trucks now manufactured. Investigate this offer if a more modern, economical delivery system is needed. Address: OWNER, Care This Paper.



Reformation Sometimes.

Habits in youth may be controlled and directed, which in the man become the confirmed condition of life. The reformer of old men and women has a profitless and an almost hopeless task.—Joseph Johnson.



Automobile Circles

known us to have the greatest stock of supplies and to be the most dependable house in all kinds of motor car repair work. No matter what you may be short of for your machine, rest assured we have it, and in the best quality We can supply all your needs from goggles to oil-can, and at very reasonable prices.

THE ANTIOCH GARAGE
WM. VOLKMAN, Prop

VOTE FOR



Thos. E. Graham

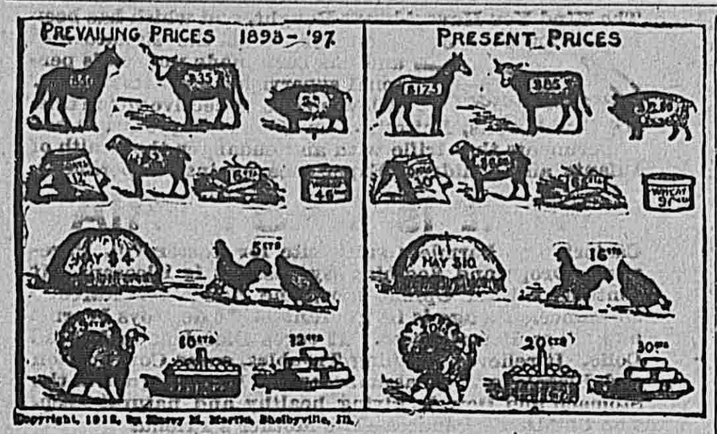
Democratic Candidate For

Representative

Eighth Senatorial District

Including Lake, McHenry and Boone Counties

SUPPLEMENT TO
THE ANITOCH NEWS



Copyright, 1912, by Harry M. Martin, Shelbyville, Ill.

WHY RUN THE RISK?

A QUESTION WHICH PERSONALLY CONCERNS EVERY WORKINGMAN.

PLAIN STATEMENT OF FACT

Why Should Men Who are Now Getting Good Wages on Steady Jobs Vote to Overthrow Good Times and Invite Idleness for Themselves.

Do not make a target of your dinner pail.

This is good advice to every working man. Why should the man who is working at a good job and drawing good wages regularly every week run the risk of throwing himself out of employment? He knows conditions are good now under a Republican administration. If a Democratic administration should be elected the distressing times of 1893 will be repeated.

that at no point in the country is there any dispute between contractors and workmen regarding hours, wages or working conditions. This is a situation which has rarely existed in the past, and is one of the results of the safe, stable and businesslike administration of the government by President Taft.

Is it wise to take the chance of changing these conditions and becoming involved in the troubles which inevitably accompany a change of political administration? It is well to remember the conditions which were brought about by a political change in 1892. In that year, as in this, business was active everywhere up to election day; but when it became known that there was to be a change in public policy, there was an immediate contraction in undertakings of all sorts which speedily brought about a condition of panic, the worst the country had ever known. And the very first to suffer in that panic were the building trades. New construction ceased almost completely and thousands of men were compelled to abandon their trades and work at any odd job they could find to make a living for their families.

The causes which produced such dire effects from 1893 to 1897 would produce similar effects now. The continuance in power of the present administration could not possibly disturb business, for everybody would know what to expect and things would move right on. To

A splendid condition now prevails in the building and other trades throughout the entire country. In every section building is active and the prospect for the future most promising. So far from there being a lack of demand for labor, the almost universal complaint is of a dearth of laborers. This is particularly true in the structural iron trades, where the contractors complain that they are unable to get men enough to carry forward the work they have on hand. It is also a gratifying fact

place in power another administration pledged to different policies would bring about a condition of doubt and uncertainty which is always disturbing to business.

Men with money to invest would be sure to wait until they could see what the new administration was going to do. Workingmen cannot afford to wait. Labor cannot be put into cold storage. Workingmen must cash in a day's work every day or they lose it. A change which would adversely affect the business of the country would hit the workingman first and hardest. Do they want to take any chances?

Our Own Business.

Whilst I do what is fit for me and abstain from what is unfit, my neighbor and I shall often agree in our means and work together for a time to one end. But whenever I find my dominion over myself is not sufficient for me and undertake the direction of him also, I overstep the truth and come into false relations to him.—Ralph Waldo Emerson.

Begin Well.

Finish every day and be done with it. You have done what you could. Some blunders and absurdities, no doubt, crept in; forget them as soon as you can. Tomorrow is a new day; begin it well and serenely, and with too high a spirit to be cumbered with your old nonsense. This day is all that is good and fair. It is too dear, with its hopes and invitations, to waste a moment on the yesterdays. —Emerson.

Temporarily Postponed.

"Why, Rastus," said Smithers, "what are you doing here? I thought you were going to be married this morning?" "Why, yass, ah was, Mistuh Smithers," said Rastus, "but dat ceremony am temporarily postponed, sah. De bride, she done run off wiv dat wuthless niggah Tham Jonsing, suh."—Harper's Weekly.

Newest Lazy Man.

Bellboys frequently have strange and unusual duties to perform for pampered guests, but the recent experience of a "hop" at one of New York's leading hotels seems unique. He was called to a room occupied by two men at night. Said one: "Buster, will you raise the shades, turn off the electric lights, lock the door from the outside and toss the key over the transom?" It was necessary to repeat the order several times before the boy could be convinced his hearing had not suddenly gone defective.

Marriage License Twelve Years Old.

Judge Martin of the municipal court married a couple whose license had been obtained twelve years ago. Christopher C. Owens obtained a license to marry Miss Emma Brandy from County Clerk Philip Knopf on August 13, 1900. "We had a quarrel," he told Judge Martin, "and we didn't see each other for about eleven years. Recently we patched up the trouble." —Chicago Tribune.

Actresses for Japanese Stage.

Although a woman is credited as the founder of the Japanese stage, no name of an actress adorns its history —the onagata has reigned supreme. But the artificial custom of substituting men for women is about to give way to the onrush of modern actresses, and one of the most unique customs of the stage is thus threatened to be superseded by real wearers of petticoats.

What She Meant.

"My husband is a mental division," said a woman witness, in an English court. The clerk presumed that she intended to say "mentally deficient."

FIRE
CYCLONE AND HAIL STORM
Insurance

We have the best of companies, and the lowest rates. We write farm, village and lake property. We write every kind of insurance known.

To those who have policies in the Millburn, why not carry a cyclone policy, it costs youvery little, AND IT MAY COME IN HANDY THIS SUMMER.

Come in everybody and let us figure with you.

Johnson, James & Johnson
Antioch, Illinois

Antioch News Office

BIG SALE OF
SHOES
SATURDAY NOVEMBER 2
AND CONTINUING UNTIL ALL ARE SOLD

Don't Miss it **Don't Miss it**

We have purchased 100 dozen men's women's and children's shoes at a large cash discount. And we are going to sell you shoes that retail from $2.25 to $4.00 for less than the cost of the leather in them.

$1.19
For any pair of shoes on our counter.
All Standard makes



Men's heavy work shoes, bellows tongue, all solid.
1.19

Women's gunmetal button, Goodyear welted shoes worth $4.00.
1.19

Women's yici kid blucher all sizes up to 9 EE.
1.19

Girls Gunmetal blucher, splendid school shoes, well lasted and solid.
1.19

Girl's vici kid blucher 8 1-2 to 2, worth double.
1.19

Women's hand turned Juliet rubber heel, the kind you bave always paid $2.25 to $2.5C, for
1.19

Women's vici kid lace, made extra wide E E E. The sizes run good.
1.19

A few pairs of women's tan button shoes, slighly soild, Goodyear welted, regular $4.00 values.
1.19

And a few other bargains as good as these.

This is a REAL sale if you don't believe come and see.



Antioch Cash Shoe Store
Antioch, Illinois **Mildred Blunt, Proprietor**

RURAL NEWS ITEMS

LAKE VILLA

Mrs. Keller was in Chicago Thursday.

Mrs. Frank Hall of Englewood spent Thursday here.

Miss Mamie Leonard was home from Chicago Sunday.

Mrs. John Nadr entertained Chicago relatives last week.

S. C. Litwiler and family of Round Lake spent Sunday here.

John Evans and family of Salem, was calling on friends here Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Paul Avery were guests of Oak Park relatives over Sunday.

Mrs. Fred Hamlin and Clayton spent the week end with relatives in Chicago.

A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Joe Koelstra on Wednesday of last week.

Mrs. C. B. Hamlin and Mrs. Paul Avery spent Friday with Grayslake relatives.

Wm. Sheehan of this place and Miss Mattie O'Boyle of Ingleside were quietly married in Chicago last week.

J. G. Poulton and Miss Agnes Louise Larson were married at 12:30 Wednesday at the home of Rev. Lowrie, Lake Villa Many friends wish them health, propersity and happiness.

Roscoe Daniels and Joe Kolb started out Monday for a Southern trip, going first to Chicago, then to St. Louis with a gang of workmen and later to New Orleans. We wish them good luck in their undertaking.

The many friends in and around here of Mr. Oscar Shepardson will be grieved to hear of his death which occurred Sunday, Oct. 20, in Pennsylvania. His children are Ernest and Mrs. Floyd Culver of this place, Frank of Woodstock and one daughter in the East. The bereaved ones have our sympathy.

So few were the loyal? voters who came out to the school meeting Saturday evening that no election could be held, so one will be held later. What's the matter that the voters can't get out to discuss school and other public matters at a meeting, instead of staying home and finding fault with what others do?

Exercise for Tots.

Daily exercise for e ery one is splendid, and many up-to-date physicians are ordering mental gymnastics for children to restore the health, build up the nervous system or develop certain parts of the body. To concentrate the mind upon an exercise as it is performed, so says a certain clever doctor, will do more in one week for the body than the same exercise listlessly gone through would do in six months.

Call for Gratitude.

Seek to cultivate a buoyant, joyous sense of the crowded kindnesses of God in your daily life.—Alexander McLaren.

State of Illinois, County of Lake, ss. In the Circuit Court of Lake County, to the December Term A. D. 1912.

Edgar B. Williams and Daniel A. Williams vs. Mary E. Williams, Agnes Williams and Benjamin Williams, Daniel Williams, Frank Gifford, Nelson Gifford, Jeremiah Collins, the unknown heirs or devisees of Charles Williams deceased, the unknow heirs or devisees of Loumi Pearson deceased, the unknown heirs or devisees of Constantia Brown deceased. General Number 5893. Satisfactory affidavit having been filed in the office of the Clerk of this court that the defendant, Mary E. Williams resides out of the State of Illinois, so that process cannot be served upon her, NOTICE IS THEREFORE HEREBY GIVEN to said Mary A. Williams, non resident defendant that the above named complainants heretofore filed their bill of complaint in said court on the chancery side thereof and that an alias summons thereupon issued out of said court against the above named defendants returnable on the first day of the term of the Circuit Court of Lake County, Illinois, to be held at the Court House in Waukegan on the first Monday of December A. D. 1912, as is by law required and which suit is still pending.

LEWIS O. BROCKWAY, Clerk.

Waukegan, Illinois, October 29th A. D. 1921.
Eugene M. Runyard
Elam L. Clarke,
Complainants' Solicitors.

The Cheery Light

On long, dreary autumn and winter nights Electric Light sends out a welcoming radiance. It makes the home brighter and is easiest to read by. In addition, it is the most economical light.

If you own a home on one of our distributing lines; we will wire it at cost. allowing you two years to pay without interest.

The Expense is Low.

Public Service Co. of Northern Illinois

MILLBURN

Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Denman spent Sunday at Zion City.

Miss Inez Pollock of Chicago spent the week end with her mother.

Mr. and Mrs. David White spent a few days with Mr. and Mrs. D. Hughes.

Mr. and Mrs. W. G. Thom and children left this week to visit relatives for a short time before going West.

Mr. and Mrs. R. Pantall left Sunday to spent the winter with their daughter, Mrs. Adams, of Chicago Lawn.

Mr. and Mrs. Freeman Orcutt (nee Emma White) of Williamsburg, Mich., are rejoicing over the arrival of a son.

Miss Cleveland will have a basket social at the Jones school house, on Friday evening, Nov. 1. Everybody welcome.

The Millburn Ladies Aid society will hold their regular meeting and bazaar on Nov. 7, at the church. Supper will be served.

HICKORY

Dan Wehb will have an auction sale soon.

Harold Winker left on Monday for Nebraska.

The Cemetery meeting was well attended last Thursday.

Elmer Almond and Ruth Pullen spent Sunday at Tom Fraziers.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Savage and daughter Irene visited Sunday with Curtis Wells and wife.

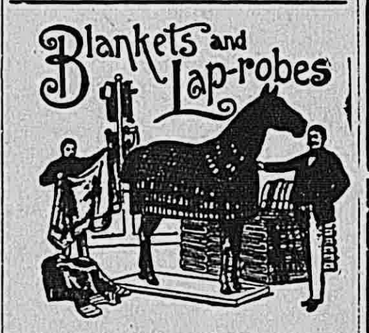
Come to the church this Friday evening, an entertainment given by the school, Holloween program, admission 10 and 15c.

Fighting Fish.

The warrior of the fish is the Indian fighting fish, which is well versed in the art of fighting. They fight like a bulldog and would not stop fighting until one is killed. East Indian natives gamble on the result of the fight between two fighting fish, and the fishes are treated just the same as prize bulldogs.

Virtue Has Few Martyrs.

Among men virtue has many preachers but few martyrs.—Claude Adrien Helvetius.



A Humane Man

looks after the comfort of his dumb but intelligent servants. We want to aid yon in this direction, and so offer for your examination a fine line of horse blankets and lap robes, blankets from $1.50 up. Large warm wool blankets 84x90 inches from $3.75 to $5.00.

H. J. BROGAN
The Harness Man

AUCTION SALES

The undersigned will sell at Public Auction on the Hockney Farm, 1½ miles north of Antioch and 4½ miles south of Salem, on

Saturday, November 2.

Commencing at 1 o'clock sharp, the following property to-wit:

43 Head of Live Stock—8 cows coming in soon, 4 heifers, 25 shoats, gray mare 10 year old, weight 1200, Black mare 14 year old, weight 1350, Gray horse 11 year old, weight 1150; sorrel mare 5 year old, weight 950, 2 year old colt, 75 chickens.

15 tons tame hay in mow, 28 acres of corn in shock, stack of straw, 300 bu., of oats, 200 bushels of barley, 70 bu., of rye and 50 bushels of seed potatoes.

Champion grain binder, McCormick corn binder, McCormick mower, McCormick rake, Deering sulky plow, drag, deering cultivator, seeder, walking plow, sleigh, wide tire wagon, narrow tire waggn, wagon box, hay rack, hay carrier and rope 120 feet long, 11 milk cans, milk wagon, runabout, top buggy, 2 sets of working harness, 2 sets of single harness, 2 sets of double harness, steel range cook stove, hard coal heater nearly new, wood heater, 20 gal. jar, buggy pole, pair of horse blankets, 20 grain bags and many other articles to numerous to mention.

Usual Terms:

Frank. H. Farrell, Prop.,
Geo. Vogel, Auctioneer.

Having decided to quit farming I will sell at Public Auction, on the Don farm 1 mile north east of Pikevill, 5 miles south of Bristol, and 5 miles north of Antioch, on

Friday, November 1

Commencing at 1 o'clock sharp the following property to-wit:

24 Head of Live Stock—7 milch cows, 4 new milkers and 3 coming in soon, 2 year old Holstein bull, bay mare 20 year old, weight 1100, white mare 18 year old, weight 1100, 11 hogs, 30 hens, 14 acres of corn, 5 ton of timothy hay.

2 lumber wagons, set iron drags, wooden drag, hog rack, 6-foot Deering mower, cultivator, hand cultivator, bob sleigh, 12-foot Deering rake, hay rack, 2 walking plows, sulky plow, top buggy milk wagon, set of double harness, 2 sets of single harness. wheel barrow, saw buck, 2 buck saws, man saw, grind stone, 1600-pound scale, 4 milk cans, log chain, household furniture and other articles to numerous to mention.

Usnal Terms.

A. F. Brandt, Prop.
Geo. Vogel. Auctioneer.
E. Brook, Clerk.

Having rented my farm I will sell at Public Auction on the Miles Carney farm 4 miles southwest of Russell and 1½ miles southeast of Pikeville, on

Saturday, November 9

Commencing at 10 o'clock sharp the following property, to wit:

18 Head of Cattle—13 milk cows, 2 two-year old heifers, 2 one-year old heifers, 1 two-year old bull. 1 team of gray mares, 6 and 7 years old, 1 colt coming two years old, 18 shoats, 1 boar, 17 turkeys, 4 ducks and 100 chickens.

McCormick corn binder, McCormick grain binder, Walter A. Wood mower 5 foot cut, two horse seeder two horse cultivator, one horse cultivater, one two-section drag, sulky plow, sod plow, stubble plow, shovel plow, one two horse rake, Daisy corn planter, two-horse pulverizer, roller, grind stone one 3-inch truck wagon nearly new, 1 4-inch truck wagon, narrow tire wagon, top buggy, milk wagon, sleigh, cutter, heavy double harness, light double harness, single harness, 16 grain sacks, 6 milk cans, 14 tons tame hay. 5 tons of wild hay, 400 bushels of oats, 25 bu. of barley, 15 acres corn in shock, one Cole Blast heating stove, 2 bedsteads, 6 chairs, 1 couch, and other articles too numerous to mention.

Free lunch at noon.

Usual Terms.

Miles Carney, Prop.
Geo. Vogel, Auctioneer.
Ernest Brook, Clerk.

Adjudication Notice

Public Notice is hereby given that the subscriber, Executor of the Last Will and Testament of Mary A. Overton deceased, will attend the County Court of Lake County at a term thereof to be holden at he Court House in Waukegan in said County on the first Monday of January next, 1913, when and where all persons having claims against said estate are notified and requested to present the same to said Court for adjudication.

Waukegan, Illinois, Octobet 28, 1912.

BURTIS H. OVERTON.
Executor as aforesaid.

E. M. Runyard Attorney.

Adjudication Notice.

Public notice is hereby given that the subscriber, executor of the last will and testament of Rober A. McDougall deceased, will attend the County Court of Lake County, at a term thereof to be holden at the Court House in Waukegan, in said County, on the first Monday of December next, 1912, when and where all persons having claims against said estate are notified and requested to present the same to said Court for adjudication.

ELEANOR J. McDOUGALL
EMMA L. McDOUGALL
Executors as aforesaid

Waukegan, Ill., Oct. 7, 1912.

Wife Remembers.

Every father is sure he had a whole lot more sense when he was young and in love than his boy exhibits. But he didn't. Ask his wife, and she will tell you he was so silly that she came near throwing him over in disgust.

L. G. STRANG
Licensed Embalmer and Funeral Director

ANTIOCH, ILLINOIS

Phone 311. Also Farmer's Line



Another Big Slash
In Prices of Seasonable Merchandise

GROCERIES	
Chapman's Chicago Baking Powde	.15
Baking Soda	.02
4 cans Corn	.25
7 cans Sardines in oil	.25
7 bars Swifts White Soap	.25
7 cans Wizard Cleaner	.25
Seeded Raisins, pound	.08
4 pkgs Webb's Starch	.25
5 pkgs Oriole Corn Flakes	.25
7 bars Fairy Soap	.25
3 lbs 20-mule Borax	.25
4 cans Lewis Lye	.25
3 cans Chloride of Lime	.25
3 cans Old Dutch Cleanser	.25
Creamery butter, pound	.28
Quart can Peanut Butter	.25
3 pkgs Kingsford's Corn Starch	.25
3 pkgs Kingsford's Silver Gloss Starch	.25
Grape Fruit per dozen	.40
Lee & Perrins Worcestershire Sauce	.20
3 pkgs Square Deal Tobacco	.25
7 plugs Dukes Mixture Tobacco	.25
Fine Cut Tobacco, pound	.30
DRY GOODS	
Apron Check Gingham, yard	.05
Light Shirting Prints, yard	.04
12½ cent Nurse stripe Ginghams	.10
20 cent Best Feather Ticking, yard	.16
12½ and 15 cent French Ginghams, yard	.10
Yard wide Brown Sheeting, yard	.05½
Pepperill R. Brown Sheeting, yard	.07
9-4 Brown Sheeting, yard	.20
12 yard Piece Long Cloth	1.00
5½ inch Fancy Silk Ribbons, yard	.20
HOSIERY	
We offer all our odds and ends in 25 cent Hosiery including the famous Black Cat brand at per pair	.15
As above in 15c Hose at	.10
As above in 10c Hose at	.07
4 pair Rockford Socks at	.25
UNDERWEAR	
Men's Ralbriggan Underwear	.25
Men's Pourous Knit Underwear	.25
2 piece Knit Bathing Suits, men and boys	.50
DRUG SUNDRIES	
Mennen's or Colgate's Talcum Powder	.12
16 oz., Bottle Peroxide	.20
16 oz., Roll Absorbent Cotton	.25
Denatured Alcohol, quart	.25
Butterick Patterns in stock.	

BATTERSHALL'S
DEPARTMENT STORE

GRAYSLAKE - - - ILLINOIS

Children Cry for Fletcher's

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher **and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.**

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS
Bears the Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.

The Kind You Have Always Bought
In Use For Over 30 Years

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

A Word to the Wise Take Care of Your Eyes

Good Work  Right Done

The eye is the most precious thing we have and should be taken care of as such.

Headache, nervousness, dizziness, and nausea often laid to other causes but nine times out of ten they are caused by eyestrian.

I FIT GLASSES RIGHT

I am prepared to remedy any trouble caused by eye-strain and guarantee results.

Reading Glasses a Specialty

If in doubt come and see me, otherwise come anyhow.

Examination Free

Special attention paid to cross eyes of children

Otto Nerad, O. D.

Eye Sight Specialist and Optician
AT
WILLIAM KEULMAN'S
Jewelry Store
Every Second and Fourth Wednesday of the Month
ANTIOCH - - ILLINOIS

The Time To Act is Now

Any Other Business Can Better

Afford to Wait

Write to Your
Michigan Mutual Life Agent
Today

JOHN HODGE
District Manager

LOCAL ITEMS

Local Announcements and the Elgin Butter Market

ELGIN, ILL., Oct. 14.--The committee declared butter at 29c.

Bert Moore of Chicago was the guest of Miss Libbie Moore over Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Quinn of Waukegan visited relatives here Saturday.

Leon Hurd of Franklin, Washington, visited at the home of Wm. Hillebrand over Sunday.

H. L. Blaisdell at Lake Catherine entertained his brothers from Rockford over Sunday.

There will be German Lutheran services at the Christian church next Sunday at 2:30 p. m.

Miss Maude Brogan of Kenosha was an over Sunday visitor with Antioch relatives and friends.

L. C. Oertel spend last week at Loon Lake with his sister, Mrs. F. E. Groth. Hunting and fishing was fine,

Mr. and Mrs. Willie of Chicago were the guests of the latter's mother, Mrs. Herman at Grass Lake over Sunday.

There is to be a box social at the Oakland school, Friday evening, Nov. 1. Everybody invited to come. Pearl Cleveland, teacher.

Mrs. W. A. Meyers of Aurora, the Misses Knox and Edwards of Chicago were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Harry Kelly over Sunday.

The monthly meeting of the Ladies Aid Society will be held Wednesday, Nov. 6, in basement of the church, Supper served from 5 to 7. Everybody invited, Inez Ames, secretary.

An automobile belonging to A. Pesat was destroyed by fire last Saturday evening. The machine had been left standing for a time in front of the State Bank, and upon lighting the lamps before returning home a conflagration was started by the lighted match igniting gasoline that was leaking from the tank. The entire woodwook was consumed.

Women as Plumbers.

From a note which appears in the columns of the Ironmonger it would appear that no fewer than 150 young women in New York are about to go to school to learn plumbing, carpentering and so forth. They seem to be thoroughly in earnest. The promoters of the school obtained $50,000 and the services of six teachers with scarcely any effort.

Dan Schneider of Chicago was the guest of E. L. Simons over Sunday.

Mrs. A. T. Schmidt of Chicago was the guest of her father over Sunday.

Claire and Ernest Kelly of Chicago, were over Sunday visitors with Antioch relatives.

Mrs. Lillie Zorn of Louisville, Ky., is visiting relatives and friends here this week.

It is reported that the supply of coal in Waukegan will be exhausted by the first of December.

Mrs. Wm. Volkman who underwent an operation at her home here last week is slowly improving.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Johns of Chicago visited over Sunday at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Bartlett.

Look at the label on your paper and see if you are owing the News $1. If so please forward at once before you bet on election.

Mrs. and Mrs. H. J. Barber arrived home Wednesday evening after having spent the past few weeks with their sons at Chetek, Wis.

Louie Rothers will leave next Monday for Northern Wisconsin with a party of friends to remain during the month of November, shooting deer and other game.

Mrs. Delia Sherwood and Miss Mary Gaggin returned last week from a number of months stay at Denver, Colo. Miss Gaggin stopped over in Chicago for a short visit with relatives.

Mrs. Wm. Hillebrand and daughter Martha returned home last Friday, accompanied by Mr. and Mrs. William Stowell of Edelstein, Ill. Mr. Hillebrand accompanied them upon their return home for a few days.

Cheerful Breakfasters.

People are nearly always nice when one gets to know them and pierces through the husks of artificiality, which they wear before the world. I detest heaps of people that I have only met at dinner, but I think I like everybody that I have ever had breakfast with.—Ellen Thornycroft Fowler.

He Was Out.

Customer—"I wish you'd show me the thinnest thing you have in a blue serge suit." Floor Walker—"I would with pleasure, sir, but he's out to lunch just now."—Judge.

IN BORROWED SET OF TEETH

Prospector Wanted to Appear Well in Photograph, and Effected Loan of Essentials.

Thomas Jefferson Stone was a typical claim holder and prospector. He came from Indiana. He had no teeth, his hair was gray, his features sallow and withered, and he looked sixty-three or sixty-four. He told me, however, he was only forty-six. There was a cowed, placid, helpless air about him, and yet in his eyes there was a fire—faint and glimmering, the fire of a fading fanaticism. He was still the victim of obsession. He had been 25 years prospecting, picking out claims, hoping to strike it rich some day.

I asked him how he lost his teeth. He said by taking medicine good for neuralgia, but too strong for his ivories. I asked him why he didn't have had a false set made. He said he had had a set, but he took them out and put them in his pocket one day, where his handkerchief was, "to rest his mouth," and happening to take out the handkerchief quickly, he pulled out the set of teeth also and the plate fell on the floor and broke.

I told Thomas Jefferson Stone that I wanted his photograph, and three days afterward he was ready for the kodak. When he came I saw he had a set of teeth in his mouth. I was astonished. We were scores of miles from any dentist, or any town where a dentist could be.

"Hello, Stone," I said; "you've got a set of teeth. How's that?"

"He gave a smile of conquest. "I borrowed 'em to be photographed!" he said.—Gilbert Parker in the Metropolitan Magazine.

CRITIC NEVER TOO POPULAR

Bitter Indictment, Which Seems the Limit, Evidently Penned by One Who Has Suffered.

Critics were created for the sole purpose of telling the public that it has no taste and that its ideas are always narrow and perverted. Also, that it does not know, under any circumstances, what it is talking about.

A critic makes it his business not to agree with anybody. In his efforts to do this he very often disagrees with himself.

Many a painter, author, dramatist, or composer has been shown by the critics that what he thought he meant he did not mean at all.

A critic is usually a creature of such profound learning that he can, when rhapsodizing over something that is absolutely worthless to everybody else, use a number of new adjectives the meaning of which is as obscure and hazy as the object to which they are applied.

When critics die, it is the generally accepted idea of all people who do not agree with them that they are punished by being placed in the presence of the thing or things they have so persistently lauded and are forced to listen to it or gaze unwinkingly and silently upon it throughout eternity, while evil spirits taunt them with their bad taste.—Judge's Library.

Always the Safest Road.

Though sometimes what is called "a happy hit" may be made by a bold venture, the common halfway of steady industry and application is the only safe road to travel.—Samuel Smiles.

His Pleasure.

A famous king said: "If men only knew how pleasant to me it is to forgive faults, there is not one of them who would not commit crime."—From the Orient.

His Limit.

The Father—"Can you support my daughter in the style to which she has been accustomed?" The Suitor—"Yes, but not in the style to which her mother and you have been trying to make me think for the past six months she has been accustomed."

Waste.

Sir Archibald Geikie used to tell a story of a Scotchman, who much against his own will, was persuaded to take a holiday. He went to Egypt and visited the pyramids. After gazing for some time at the Great pyramid he muttered: "Man, what a lot of mason work not to be bringin' in any rent!"

Lost and Found.

The ferryman, whilst plying over a water which was only slightly agitated, was asked by a timid lady in his boat whether any persons were ever lost in that river. "Oh, no," said he, "we always finds 'em agin, the next day."—Life.

Goodness Never Futile.

There is no man so bad, but he secretly respects the good.—Benjamin Franklin.

HIGH SCHOOL NOTES

Who was the first to mop the floor? Mr. Espey, you have set us a good example.

Teacher: (to Elmer who was making a tapping noise on the desk.) "What are you doing?"

Elmer: (Still tapping on the map.) "I'm making the desert in Africa."

Tuition is now due.

Lost—Eleven grammar exercises.

The English History class is studying "Self-Destruction of Eendalism."

What made Madge so solemn Monday?

Oct. 28—Fritz spends the first period laughing.

Monday noon Gaylord Stewart and John Horan were vistors on the basketball grounds.

"Bone Head" asked permission to to change his desk. "Kinney" bothered him so that it was positively impossible for him to keep in order?

"Dolphie," look out! you'll be having to occupy a reserved seat.

Fritz, wash your hands next time before Geometry class.

Shakespeare's version of H. S. course is designated as:

Freshman—"Comedy of Errors."

Sophomore — "Much Ado About Nothing"

Junior—"As You Like It."

Senior—"All's Well that Ends Well."

We are sorry to have Vera M. leave school.

Lines of German still remind us,
We can make our marks sublime,
Or by asking lots of questions
Take up the class time.

Oct. 28—George gets his Geometry lesson!

Was Magdalene looking for "My Nephew?" Ask her and see!

The following notice was found on the bulletin board Monday:

"When ink is spilled on the floor, mop the floor."

The Physics class is studying machines.

Mary was in Dreamland instead of in Friday's Latin class! Wake up, Mary.

The Senior's colors are maroon and white.

Where was Bertha Monday p. m.?

Magdalene says she likes this week's school notes.

THE GLOW OF THE RUBIES

A story that for ingenious fiction

Caps the Climax

You couldn't imagine more absurd or ridiculous situations than those portrayed in this new serial you can have the pleasure of reading by watching this paper.

You will laugh just because you won't be able to help it

The First Installment Will Appear Soon ✿ Watch for It

Lake Villa Trust and Savings Bank

The Officers and Directors announce that the Lake Villa Trust and Savings Bank, Lake Villa, Illinois, has opened for business under state supervision, with a capital stock of $25,000.00 fully paid.

Checking accounts are invited and assured efficient care and service.

Interest of 3 per cent. per annum. Compound semi-annually, is allowed on savings deposits.

Time certificates of deposit to run three month or longer bear 3 per cent. interest per annum.

Travellors' Cheques are issued payable in all parts of the world.

Our facilities are gladly extended to all legitimate lines. A visit from you will be greatly appreciated.

T. D. SEXTON, President — GEO. A. MITCHELL, Cashier

WILLIAM'S BROTHERS

Heating and Plumbling Dept.

We will meet any Mail Order House prices for anything in the plumbing line and save you the freight you pay nothing down in advance.

What more could you ask.

Call and Get Prices

ATTENTION

READ THIS

Men's wool suits, at	$6.50
Men's English clays, at	$12.00
Finest worsted effects, at	$18.00
Boy's suitIng, $1.98 to	$6.00
Overcoats $6.00 to	$15.00

Ready - to - Wear

AT

CHASE WEBB'S

CLASSIFIED DEPT.

All advertisements inserted under this head at the following rates: Five line or less, 25 cents for one insertion; and 5 cents for every additional line.

For Sale--Farm of eighty acres in Antioch township. Margaret Smith, Antioch. 4tf

From this on we will sell hard coal for cash only. No cash no coal. Goodrich Lumber Co.

Get a pair of Trace Holders that are guarenteed to hold, see Montgomery Ward & Co. catalogue, page 870, No J 3306 & 7, they do the Biz. dont fool with that piece of leather, get the best.

Shoninger Pianos are now sold by Alden, Bidinger & Co., in addition to those they have sold heretofore. See them for anything in the music line. Two stores, 456 Market street, Kenosha, and 209 N. Genesee street, Waukegan.

New White Clover Honey 20 cents per pound, by the crate 18 cents per pound, Williams Bros. tf

Reduce your meat billsby buying 2 cans salmon for 25 cents or 4 cans fine sweet corn for 25 cents Williams Bros.

For Sale—About 18 tons of tame hay. Inquire of Sam Armstrong, Antioch, Route 1. 8w2

Anyone wishing cider made should bring their apples to me for grinding. Frank Rompeski, Northeast of Pikeville. 8-3w

Lost—A spotted Coach dog answering to the name of Spot. Finder please notify Chas. H. Smith, Antioch.

The Waukegan rug man wil be in Antioch Wednesday and Thursday of next week. Anyone wishing him to call please leave word at this office.

To Our Former Patrons and Prospective Customers.

We are sure that after you have carefully looked over the new Fall and Winter fashion book for 1912 and 1913, that you will be pleased with any garment you may select and be a permanent customer for the Victor Tailoring Co., will be pleased to show styles and samples any time you may call.

Mrs. A. G. Watson.

J. C. James, Jr.
Justice of the Peace and Notary Public

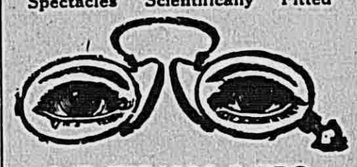
Real Estate
Both Farm and Lake Property

Fire Insurance Agent for Several Good Companies

Accident, and Life Insurance, Reasonable Rates and Good Companies

J. C. James, Jr.. Antioch, Ill.

Spectacles Scientifically Fitted



C. F. INGALLS & BRO.
Jewelers and Opticians
112 Genesee St., Waukegan, Illinois

J. C. JAMES, JR.
UNDERTAKER

LICENSED EMBALMER
Licensed by the State Board of Health

SEQUOIT LODGE No. 827, A. F. & A. M., hold regular communications the first and third Wednesday evenings of every month. Visiting Brethern always welcome.
GEORGE WALLIS, W. M.
FRANK HUBER, Sec'y

The Eastern Star meets second and fourth Thursdays of each month.
MABEL GRIMM, W. M.
IDA OSMOND, Sec'y

E. V. ORVIS
Lawyer and Notary Public. Practice al courts. Farm property for sale. Damage suits and collections of wages a specialty. Fire and Life Insurance
201 Washington Street
Waukegan Illinois

BANK OF ANTIOCH
EDWARD BROOK
BANKER
Buy and Sell Exchange and do a General Banking Business

Lotus Camp No. 557 M. W. A.
Meets at 7:30 the first and third Monday evening of every month in Woodmen hall, Antioch, Ill. Visiting Neighbors always welcome
ED. GARRETT, V. C.
J. C. James, Clerk

T. N. DONNELLY & CO.
Loan and Diamond Brokers
Number 24 North Dearborn St.
Diamonds, Watches and all kinds of Jewe at less than cost. At half the price you p regular stores. Dec 19 01 yr

ANTIOCH NEWS

A. B. JOHNSON, Publisher

ANTIOCH ILLINOIS

SHERMAN IS DYING

VICE-PRESIDENT SUFFERS FROM BRIGHT'S DISEASE AND WEAK HEART.

LIFE HANGING BY A THREAD

Entire Family of Distinguished Patient Are Assembled at the Home Awaiting the Summons That Cannot Be Delayed Long.

Utica, N. Y., Oct. 30.—Vice-President James Schoolcraft Sherman was at the point of death Monday, waging a hopeless fight for life against Bright's disease and a greatly weakened heart. He may survive another forty-eight hours but it is improbable that his greatly weakened vitality can sustain him beyond that length of time. At the vice-president's bedside were Dr. F. H. Peck, his personal physician, and Dr. William Elmer of Syracuse, while Dr. Theodore Janeway of New York city is brought into close touch with the consulting physicians by means of the long distance telephone.

Not until Monday night would Doctor Peck admit Mr. Sherman's condition critical. Sunday night the physician stated that the vice-president was resting comfortably. Monday the fact was revealed that Mr. Sherman suffered a relapse October 25 and that since that time his life has been hanging by a slender thread.

The secretiveness of the physicians was undoubtedly inspired by a desire to hide the true situation regarding Mr. Sherman's illness in the closing hours of the campaign in which he is a candidate for re-election to the second highest office in the land.

When the fact was revealed from an authoritative source that the vice-president was undoubtedly on his death bed the community was shocked for none of the local newspapers printed anything which made plain the critical condition in which Mr. Sherman lies.

In the Sherman home on upper Genesee street the members of the vice-president's family are assembled, awaiting the summons which it is feared cannot be long deferred.

Doctor Peck announced that his distinguished patient was resting more comfortably than he had in the preceding twenty-four hours but beyond this he made no statement. The vice-president suffers greatly from his affection of the kidneys and his inability to breath. Stimulants to accelerate the heart action are frequently administered and remedies to allay the constant agonizing pain are also given at safe intervals. The vice-president is perfectly rational and bears his intense sufferings with fortitude.

Mr. Sherman's illness dates from last spring, when by direction of his Washington physician he left the national capital and returned to his home in this city in hope of restoring his shattered health. With the exception of periodical gains which generally ended in relapses his fight has been a hopeless one from the start.

At 11:30 o'clock Monday night it was stated at the Sherman home that the vice-president was resting comfortably.

Doctors Peck and Elsner issued the following statement on the vice-president's condition:

"In answer to the many inquiries from all quarters the following statement is made:

"After consultation tonight in case of Vice-President Sherman the diagnosis of weak heart muscles, the result of overwork, with some kidney involvement is confirmed."

REPORT 40 DEAD IN WRECK

Canadian Pacific Express Collides With Soldiers' Special—Physicians Rushed to Scene of Accident.

Toronto, Ont., Oct. 30.—The Chicago express on the Canadian Pacific railway, which left this city at five o'clock Monday evening, was in collision with a special train bringing a regiment of infantry to this city from a sham battle. The reports of the number killed run from twelve to forty. The railroad officials say they have received advices that two privates were killed and about thirty-six injured. The collision occurred near Streetsville. Special trains with all available physicians are being hurried to the scene of the accident.

6,000 Mohammedans In Revolt.

Peking, China, Oct. 30.—Six thousand Mohammedans in Soping, northern Shansi, revolted Monday, declaring their independence.

President Leaves for Gotham.

Washington, Oct. 30.—President Taft and the presidential party left Tuesday for New York, where the president will attend the launching of the battleship New York Wednesday, returning here Thursday morning.

Bind and Rob Girl Cashier In New York

New York, Oct. 30.—Three men, operating in daylight, entered an office of the Prudential Life Insurance company in Brooklyn Monday, bound and gagged Miss Alice Brennels, the cashier, and escaped with $5,000.

TURKISH TROOPS HURRYING TO THE BORDER



TURKEY is rapidly concentrating her armies on the borders of the Balkan states in the effort to repel the invaders. The illustration show Turkish cavalry leaving Constantinople for the front.

BECKER IS GUILTY

JURY FINDS GOTHAM OFFICIAL DIRECTED ROSENTHAL KILLING.

Verdict Is Severe Blow to Defendant and His Wife, Who Hoped for a Disagreement.

New York, Oct. 26.—Police Lieut. Charles Becker was found guilty of murder in the first degree by the jury which has been trying him for instigating the death of Herman Rosenthal, the gambler. The verdict, which took the jury eight hours to reach, was pronounced at 12:02 o'clock Friday morning.

Mrs. Becker, wife of the convicted police official, was barred from the courtroom when the jury returned with their verdict. Seated in the corridor outside, the dread news was broken to her as gently as possible. She sat perfectly immovable when the messenger told her her husband's fate. Apparently stunned, she neither moved nor spoke. Then her eyes closed and she apparently swooned. Friends carried her away.

The verdict was a severe blow to both the defendant and his wife and counsel, all of whom had been confidently looking for a disagreement at least.

BURNS' AIDE ON THE STAND

Walter Drew Says H. S. Hockin Told Him He Would Need Gun After Arrest of J. J. McNamara.

Indianapolis, Ind., Oct. 27.—That Herbert S. Hockin told him he would need the gun he was carrying immediately after the arrest of J. J. McNamara here in April, 1911, was the testimony of Walter Drew, counsel for the National Erectors' association, in the dynamite conspiracy case in federal court here on Friday.

Drew was one of the leading spirits and Burns' right bower in ferreting out the dynamite mystery and landing the McNamaras and having the forty-five men now on trial indicted.

Drew said the initial trouble between the National Erectors' asociation and the International Association of Bridge and Structural Iron Workers, out of which the dynamiting conspiracy is said to have grown, arose from the subletting of a bridge contract by the American Bridge company, employing union labor, to the Boston Bridge company, employing non-union labor.

COTTON CORNER CASE OPENED

United Statse Supreme Court Will Decide If Anti-Trust Law Has Been Violated.

Washington, Oct. 25.—Solicitor General Bullitt made the final argument in the Patten cotton corner case in the Supreme court and the case is now before that tribunal for decision.

Nothwithstanding the reports that the indictments have been faulty, etc., the case was submitted to the court on the general principles that there have been violations of the Sherman anti-trust law.

Interest attached to the case against Patten and others because it is an open attempt on the part of the government to use the Sherman law to break up corners in wheat, cotton and other staples and to end agreements to purchase in excess of the known supply or to make contracts for the future delivery of such products.

German Riots More Violent.

Berlin, Germany, Oct. 26.—"Dear food" riots increased in violence here Thursday. About 2,000 women raided a butcher shop in the Wedding district, demolished the premises and stole the meat.

Rob Errand Boy of $8,000.

Minneapolis, Minn., Oct. 26.—Oscar Christianson, a messenger boy for the Soo railway, was robbed here Thursday of $8,000 in pay checks of the company on one of the principal streets of the city.

$10,000 FOR LIBEL

ROOSEVELT DEMANDS BIG DAMAGES OF MICHIGAN NEWSPAPER PUBLISHER.

WILL GUARD EX-PRESIDENT

Strange Visitor at Oyster Bay and Menacing Notes Causes Much Anxiety Among Colonel's Intimates—Condition Is Rapidly Improving.

New York, Oct. 28.—Counsel for Colonel Roosevelt, under his instructions, began criminal and civil libel suits Friday against George S. Newett, publisher of the Iron Ore, a weekly newspaper printed in Ishpeming, Mich. The suit is based upon an article printed in this paper October 12, headed, "The Roosevelt Way."

According to a formal statement made public at national Progressive headquarters here this article contained the following paragraph:

"Roosevelt lies and curses in a most disgusting way. He gets drunk, too, and that not infrequently and all his intimates know about it."

Judge James H. Pound of Detroit has been retained by Colonel Roosevelt as his attorney. The monetary damages have been fixed at the nominal sum of $10,000, because, as the statement explains, "It is not a question of recovering money from Mr. Newett that is influencing Colonel Roosevelt in the least in commencing these actions. They are brought because by the publication of this libel in his newspaper, Mr. Newett has furnished the first opportunity that Colonel Roosevelt or his friends have been able to find for the prompt disproof of the allegation that he is a drunkard."

Marquette, Mich., Oct. 28.—George A. Newett, editor of the Ishpeming Iron Ore, who has been sued by Col. Theodore Roosevelt for criminal libel and damages for $10,000, was arrested here Friday. His bail was fixed at $2,000. The arrest was on a capias.

Oyster Bay, N. Y., Oct. 28.—Fear of an invasion of cranks at Sagamore Hill led the ex-president's advisers here Friday to urge a bodyguard for Colonel Roosevelt.

A bulletin given out by the colonel's physicians says he is improving.

CONVICTS SET PRISON AFIRE

Revenge for Punishment in Recent Riots Causes Burning of Twine Factory.

Jackson, Mich., Oct. 27.—Fire destroyed the binder twine warehouse inside the walls of the state prison here on Thursday. The building contained more than 500 tons of sisal stock, and as the state carries no insurance, the loss will be heavy.

The prisoners were locked in their cells when the flames broke out, and made no demonstration.

Prison guards expressed the belief that convicts had set the warehouse on fire in revenge for the punishment inflicted upon them as a result of the prison riots several weeks ago.

Warned Family of Coming Suicide.

Laporte, Ind., Oct. 29.—With the exclamation to his family, "Do you see this? I am going to kill myself!" William Roling of Marshall county committed suicide Sunday by swallowing a quantity of carbolic acid.

Young Russ Prince Doing Well.

St. Petersburg, Oct. 29.—The czarevitch, who was injured several days ago by falling from a chair while trying to get into a cupboard, passed a good night Sunday. He is still very restless at times.

Republican Campaign Fund.

Washington, Oct. 29.—Contributions totaling $591,032 and expenditures of $558,311 in the Republican campaign fund were disclosed Saturday in the financial statement of the Republican national committee.

THREE DIE IN RIOTS

LIBERALS AND CONSERVATIVES IN CLASH AT HAVANA, CUBA.

Martial Law Is Proclaimed and Troops of Cavalrymen Are Patrolling Streets.

Havana, Oct. 28.—Three medical students were killed and several wounded when the police fired into a mob Friday following a resumption of the rioting in Central park here when several persons were fatally wounded by bullets.

The city has been in a highly excitable state all day. Martial law has been proclaimed and cavalrymen are patrolling the streets.

The Liberals and Conservatives first clashed at 12:30 o'clock in the morning. A veritable battle was fought in Central park. The Liberals hid behind trees and pillars while the Conservatives operated from the Asbert club. More than 400 shots were exchanged and more than fifty persons were injured. Several bullets struck the American club and others crashed through windows of the editorial rooms of the Havana Post, an American newspaper.

SPARKS FROM THE WIRE

Boston, Mass., Oct. 28.—An indictment charging the larceny of $146,000 from four Michigan copper mining companies was returned Friday against Stephen R. Dow, a stock broker. Dow is out on $25,000 cash bail.

Salt Lake City, Utah, Oct. 26.—A firing squad executed the death sentence upon Thomas Riley at the state prison Thursday. Riley was the second man to die for the murder of G. Fassel, a grocer, in March, 1910.

Peoria, Ill., Oct. 26.—The jury in the case of Myron Jordan of Rock Island, Ill., indicted by the federal jury on the charge of sending obscene literature through the mails, returned a verdict of not guilty in the federal court. Jordan's indictment followed an attack on Mayor Schriever of Rock Island.

SHIP BURNS, EIGHTEEN DIE

Twenty-Two Others of Crew of Blazing Steamer Are Rescued Off Brazilian Coast.

New York, Oct. 26.—The steamship Asiatic Prince, arriving here from Brazilian ports, reported the rescue of thirteen men from the burning steamship Fagundes Varella, sighted off the Brazilian coast on the morning of October 7. The ship caught fire from chemicals in her hold. There were forty-one aboard, eighteen of whom were drowned and nine of whom were picked up by another vessel. The eighteen men rescued from the water by the Asiatic Prince were landed at Maceio, Brazil.

VICE PRESIDENT IS VERY ILL

James S. Sherman Unconscious at His Home in Utica, N. Y.—Suffering From Gallstones.

Utica, N. Y., Oct. 29.—The condition of Vice President James S. Sherman on Sunday was reported very much worse. He is unconscious and fears are entertained that the attack may be the most serious one that he has had. He is suffering from gallstones.

Six Go Up in Aeroplane.

Joliet, Ill., Oct. 29.—Friends of Earl Dougherty, an aviator, laid claim to a new passenger carrying record for him. Using a large biplane, Dougherty took up five passengers Sunday for a flight at Coal City, Ill.

Prominent Indiana Farmer a Suicide.

Valparaiso, Ind., Oct. 29.—William Meltz, a prominent farmer of Crocker, this county, died Sunday after suffering in terrible agony for four days from taking most of the contents of a box of electric rat paste.

SCUTARI EASY PREY

TURKISH STRONGHOLD IN NORTHERN ALBANIA A MONTENEGRIN WAR PRIZE.

ADRIANOPLE SEEMS DOOMED

Defeat of Turks Believed to Be Complete—According to Reports, the Balkan Allies Have Been Victorious at All Points.

London, Oct. 29.—With hundreds of its residents lying dead in the street and thousands facing actual starvation and with its length and breadth swept by fire, Scutari, the Turkish stronghold in northern Albania, was Sunday a Montenegrin war prize.

The Montenegrin bombardment has continued without respite. The city has virtually fallen, but the indomitable bravery of the Turkish garrison is prolonging the fearful plight of those within the city's gates, which can only end in surrender or annihilation.

Hundreds of Turkish deserters have reached Antivaria. All were famished for want of food. The Montenegrins early in the siege cut off every source of food supply leading to the city and for four days the inhabitants and defending soldiers have been subsisting on famine rations. Sunday night several companies of Turkish troops looted the homes of all Christians within the city in search of food.

Great bravery is credited to the crack Montenegrin brigade, commanded by Prince Mirko, and several companies of infantry which advanced against a withering fire from Turkish guns, waist deep in mud. Reaching the outposts they encountered strong Turkish forces, but took these strategic points after vicious bayonet fights.

London, Oct. 29.—Adrianople burning, cut off from the main Turkish army at Demotika, near the point of starvation, was still withholding its formal surrender Sunday to the Bulgarians and in so doing is daring complete destruction.

The Bulgarians are bombarding the city from every point of the compass. Every outpost has been taken and Bulgarian troops are within the outer city. Only the inner circle of 24 forts remain intact. Practically all of the public buildings have been razed by fire.

Off to the south of the besieged city the strongest of the Bulgarian divisions is marching on Demotika, where the helpless army of 150,000 men under Abdullah Pasha is encamped.

Reports from Sofia and Belgrade indicate that the Turks have been unable to improve their desperate plight in the west. The Servians are in complete control of the cities of Uskub and Kumanova. The Turks who evacuated Uskub and permitted the Servians to take the stronghold without resistance are reassembling forces on the adjacent heights awaiting further Servian advances. For this army there is no hope of any fate except ultimate capture or annihilation. Retreat is cut off to the south by the Greeks operating northward from the town of Servia; to the west are the Montenegrins, who will push eastward as soon as Scutari has fallen.

War critics declare that the enveloping campaign of the Balkan allies has succeeded to an extent that has no parallel in the annals of modern warfare. Not a single Turkish victory of importance has been recorded.

Belgrade, Oct. 28.—With the capture of Uskub the main strength of the Ottoman troops in the province of Macedonia was broken Sunday. The Servians, while pushing ahead for Adrianople, are arming the Macedonians with war accoutrements taken from the Turks and leaving officers to drill them.

The Turks were so hotly pursued after the battle of Kumanova that they did not stop at Uskub, but fled further south, killing women, children and old men.

FOUR OF AUTO PARTY DROWN

Raft Hits Ferry Boat; Three Women and a Child Are Engulfed by the Water.

Belvidere, N. J., Oct. 28.—Four members of an automobile party, bound for Shawnee, from their homes in Noble, Pa., were drowned in the Delaware river while being ferried across from Delaware, N. J.

The dead are: Mrs. Leon H. Gilbert, Miss Rebecca Tyson, Mrs. H. W. Trump and Leon Gilbert, Jr., seven years old.

There were eight members in the party in two automobiles.

When the middle of the stream was reached the ferry boat was struck and knocked from its course by a raft.

Illinois Youth Expelled.

Washington, Oct. 28.—Walter J. Tigan of Illinois, a third year man at the naval academy at Annapolis, who was cour-martialed for having hazed a pleb, was dismissed from the academy by Secretary Meyer Friday.

Robs Bank of $44,300.

Manistee, Mich., Oct. 28.—John N. Sibben, assistant cashier of the First National bank of Manistee, confessed here Friday that in the last 16 years he had embezzled $44,300. He was arrested and will be prosecuted.

HE WAS TAKING NO CHANCES

Small Boy's Precautions May Have Been Excessive, but He Still Had the Suit.

The Rev. John N. Underwood, one of Pittsburg's most eloquent and earnest ministers, said the other day: "In a temperance address in the spring I pointed out that drunken husbands kill, every year, with revolvers and hatchets and clubs, 3,600 wives. That 2,500 babies are killed by drunken fathers who crush them in bed. That 90 per cent. of all our divorces are due to drunkenness."

Mr. Underwood paused, then added: "I heard recently of a little boy to whom a warm and comfortable suit had been given. The boy's father was a drunkard, and it was feared that the suit would soon find its way to the pawnshop. But a week after the lad had got the suit he was still wearing it.

"'Good for you, Johnny!' said a city missionary to the little chap. 'Still wearing your suit, I see.'

"'Yes, sir,' the urchin explained. 'I sleep in it.'"—Chicago Record-Herald.

Different Youth.

"Good morning, Mrs. Ales," said a grocery boy awaiting an order from a lady in a suburban town.

"Please call me Alices," answered the lady. "That's my name."

"But I don't know you well enough to call you Alice?" rejoined the youth, confusedly.

Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

In Use For Over 30 Years.

Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

A woman's second thoughts are nearly always the most unsatisfactory.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25c a bottle. Adv.

Many a bewhiskered man has been known to tell barefaced lies.

CURES BURNS AND CUTS.

Cole's Carbolisalve stops the pain instantly. Cures quick. No scar. All druggists. 25 and 50c. Adv.

A woman always suspects another woman who never sheds tears.

WOMEN SHOULD BE PROTECTED

Against So Many Surgical Operations. How Mrs. Bethune and Mrs. Moore Escaped.

Sikeston, Mo.—"For seven years I suffered everything. I was in bed for four or five days at a time every month, and so weak I could hardly walk. I cramped and had backache and headache, and was so nervous and weak that I dreaded to see anyone or have anyone move in the room. The doctors gave me medicine to ease me at those times, and said that I ought to have an operation. I would not listen to that, and when a friend of my husband told him about Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and what it had done for his wife, I was willing to take it. Now I look the picture of health and feel like it, too. I can do my own housework, hoe my garden, and milk a cow. I can entertain company and enjoy them. I can visit when I choose, and walk as far as any ordinary woman, any day in the month. I wish I could talk to every suffering woman and girl."—Mrs. DEMA BETHUNE, Sikeston, Mo.



Murrayville, Ill.—"I have taken Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound for a very bad case of female trouble and it made me a well woman. My health was all broken down, the doctors said I must have an operation, and I was ready to go to the hospital, but dreaded it so that I began taking your Compound. I got along so well that I gave up the doctors and was saved from the operation."—Mrs. CHARLES MOORE, R. R. No. 3, Murrayville, Ill.

$53,000 Being Given Away

to those who act as the local representatives of Everybody's Magazine and The Delineator—all in addition to liberal commissions. Let us show you how you can

Secure a Share

simply by forwarding the subscriptions of your friends and neighbors and collecting the renewals of our present subscribers. Try for this month's prizes. Write at once to Butterick Publishing Co., Butterick Building, New York City.



ABSORBINE

Cures Strained, Puffy Ankles, Lymphangitis, Poll Evil, Fistula, Boils, Sores, Wire Cuts, Bruises, Swellings, Lameness, and allays Pain quickly without Blistering, removing the hair, or laying the horse up. Pleasant to use. $2.00 per bottle, delivered. Describe your case for special instructions and Book 5 R free.

ABSORBINE, JR., liniment for mankind. For Strains, Painful, Knotted, Swollen Veins, Milk Leg, Gout. Price $1.00 per bottle at dealers or delivered.

W. F. YOUNG, P.D.F., 310 Temple St., Springfield, Mass.

25 CTS. **PISO'S REMEDY** 25 CTS.

Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by Druggists.

FOR COUGHS AND COLDS

NATIONAL CAPITAL AFFAIRS

Uncle Sam Can Wash Your Money While You Wait



WASHINGTON. — Behind a wire-screened cage employes of the United States government have now gone into the laundry business. They are washing United States bank notes and ironing them. It is not generally understood that when anybody gets old greenbacks, it does not make any difference whether a dollar or a thousand, if he sent it to the treasury department and requested a new bill he would have to have it. All the bankers in the country have always had the right to turn in all old money and get new for it. The old money was assorted, counted and tied in packages in the treasury department and then taken to a big eyelet machine, where great holes were cut through the bundles of money, and from there it was sent to a macerator, where it was chewed up into fine pulp and then molded to make trinkets for sale. They are not a bit pretty, being a nasty greenish-gray, and are nearly always warped out of shape; but they sell them for souvenirs, as there is a kind of fascination in knowing that the tiny imitation of the Washington monument which you hold in your hand represents $250,000.

The washing machine is still in an experimental stage, it is said, and seems to be doing pretty good work. It is estimated that this will save a vast sum for the treasury. It costs $13.30 to make 1,000 bank notes. It cost but about 50 cents to rejuvenate the same number.

The machine is 15 feet long and five feet wide, and looks something like a newspaper printing press. It has dozens of rolls, many gears and operates with the same clash and clang. The money is placed between two canvas belts at one end of the machine. It runs through a solution of laundry soap and boiling hot water, where it is thoroughly cleansed. It then enters another vat, in which there is a solution of stiffening material and germ-killing solution. From this vat it is drawn between a gas-heated mangle, where it is ironed.

It emerges from the machine two minutes and 15 seconds after it has started on its 64-foot trip, and is to all intents and purposes a perfect bill. When running at full speed the washing machine can clean about 4,000 bills an hour.

Parson Warns Newlyweds Against "Turkey Trot"



ADMONITIONS as to their future conduct and a warning against the seductions of the "turkey trot" and other such "fancy doin's" were interpolated freely into the marriage ceremony with which Rev. John H. Bunday, pastor of an African Methodist Episcopal church, united a negro couple the other day in the private office of Judge Gorter.

Winfield Boyer, 20 years old, small in stature and not a little frightened, consented to wed Esther C. Newman, 14 years old. Judge Gorter gave an order for a marriage license, offered the use of his office for the ceremony and had an official of the court hunt up a minister.

The preacher read the ceremony impressively, but turned aside now and then to offer advice to the pair where he thought it might have effect.

"Will you live with this woman as your wife always?" he demanded of the trembling bridegroom at the proper part of the ritual. "Not for a little time," he added. "I marry so many of you niggers and tomorrow you are single again. Now you are hitched good; do you understand that?"

"Speak it with your heart, not your lips," he demanded, in putting the question, "Wilt thou have this woman?"

When the ring should have been forthcoming the minister glared at Boyer and asked:

"What have you got to give this woman? You know you must give her something."

The bridegroom, minus the necessary ring, was silent. Bailiff Charles S. Eggleston took off his ring and tendered it for temporary use.

"Don't forget to give it back to the gentleman," the preacher reminded Boyer. "You must get a ring to keep."

Other admonitions were woven into the ceremony, at the end of which the minister delivered a short lecture.

"Live right and stick to each other," he said. "Keep out of foolishness; there's a whole lot of new-fangled fool things in the world today. Don't you have anything to do with this here 'turkey trot' and 'bunny hug' business."

Washington City The Ideal Educational Center



GRADUALLY but surely America is becoming recognized as one of the leading nations in the world for the educational facilities it offers its peoples. The little red schoolhouse is still here, and of necessity will remain in the sparsely settled communities for some years to come. The bad roads that made it difficult for the child of tender years or slight physique to be a regular attendant at these minor but still important seats of learning are gradually becoming better, something which is greatly appreciated by young America.

These bad roads are bound to disappear in time, and, strange to say, their improvement means the beginning of the end of the small country school. The amalgamation of school districts will follow; the country high school, located at the Four Corners, will take its proper place as it has already done in some districts; children will gather at central points and be carried to school in community wagons, and the educational standard will be advanced.

Before Washington became the populous and up-to-date city of today it was not looked upon in the same light as other places were, especially by those who had never visited the nation's capital, and regarded it simply as the seat of government—temporary residence for the nation's statesmen.

Times have changed. Washington is now probably better known in outside states for the advantages it offers to those seeking an education than it is at home.

Washington today is looked to as the country's seat of learning, not merely from an academic standpoint, but from a broader vision. It is realized that traditions, the beautiful examples of art as shown by the best works of famous artists, sculptors, architects, have an influence for good on those that come here to study, to work.

A Street Tragedy With Cream Puffs Mixed In.



NEVER run after a street car; nine times out of ten you don't overtake it, and, besides, another will come along some time.

A woman in a linen dress and a great hurry rushed along the south side of the avenue, waving frantically at a car going south. She had only one bundle in her hands, but she handled it rather gingerly, and as it was something in a sack, she grasped it around the top, much as a darky is supposed to hold a chicken by the neck. She sprinted across the walk paying little or no attention to anything but the car, and as she reached the curb she miscalculated the step, stumbled and fell. It wasn't one of those knee-drill falls they teach with the Delsarte style of stunts, but a fall, pure and simple.

She fell on the bag.

Cream puffs are rather tempting looking and decidedly tasty, when properly handled, but connoisseurs and epicures alike are agreed that they ought never to be sat upon, much less lain upon; they have rather a peevish nature, as it were, and are apt to start something. Those in the bag were no exception. They sent out a creamy protest that started somewhere up around the woman's neck and continued all the way down her dress front. Vesuvius in its most hilarious moments never poured out a greater flow, in comparison to its size, than that paper bag. The woman was helped to her feet by sympathetic onlookers, who promptly retired when she gave her dress a shake and sent flecks of cream in ninety-seven different directions.

LEADERS OF THE ARMY OF BULGARIA

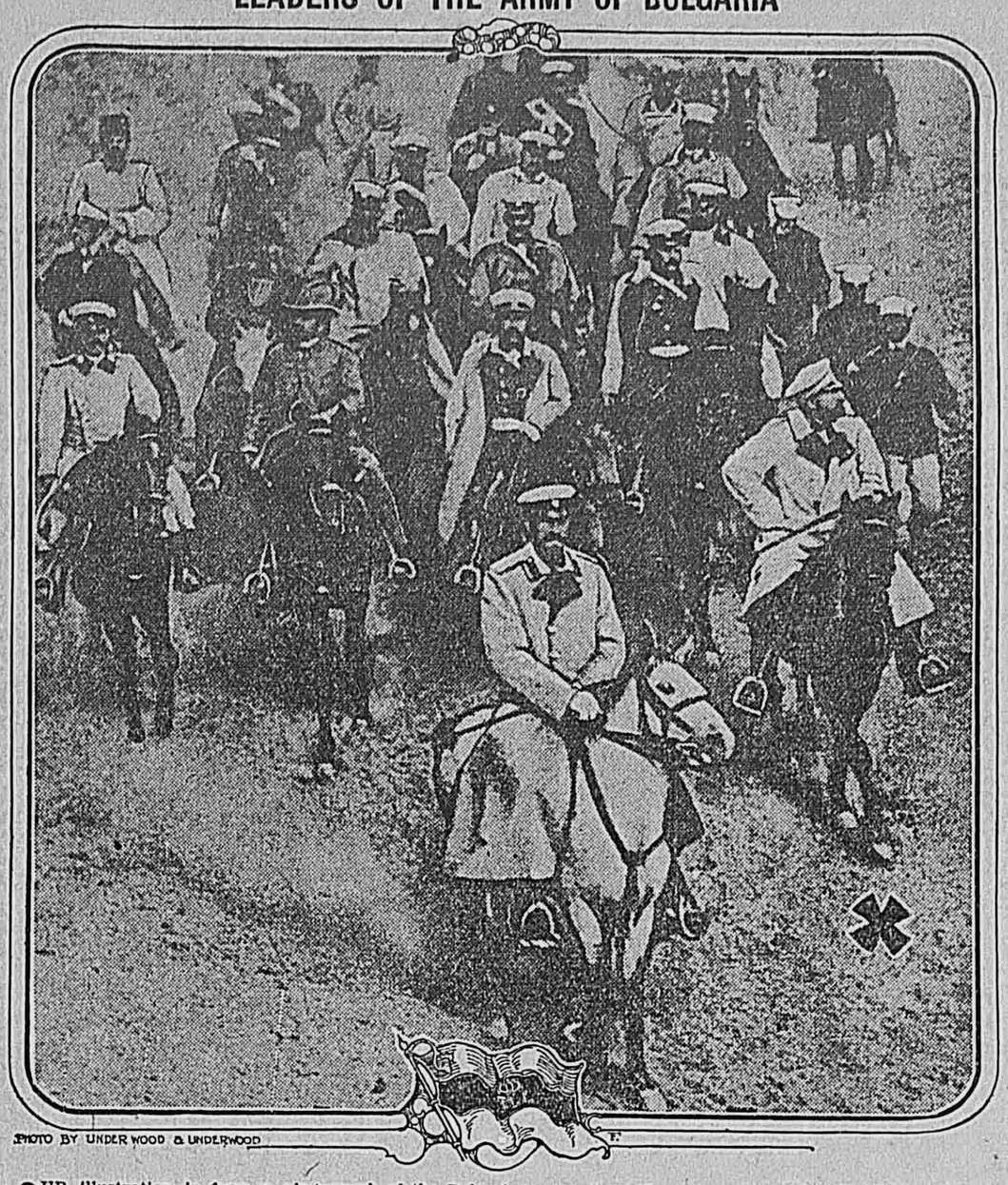


PHOTO BY UNDERWOOD & UNDERWOOD

OUR illustration is from a photograph of the Bulgarian generals at the army maneuvers. Ferdinand, czar of Bulgaria, is seen at the right, indicated by a cross.

TO EXPLORE AMAZON

Scientists Charter Yacht to Visit South America.

Characteristics of Country and Habits of Tribes That Live There to Be Studied for Months by Members of Expedition.

Philadelphia.—Aboard the Mermaid, a 120-foot steam yacht, the members of the University of Pennsylvania South American expedition left here for the Amazon. The yacht will voyage by way of Porto Rico, Barbados and Trinidad to Para, at the mouth of the Amazon, and will then steam up the great river into one of its upper tributaries, proceeding up the uncharted stream until the shallows check her. She will then be moored and serve as headquarters for the exploring parties, which will use the gasoline launch and canoes with which she is equipped in order to reach those points on the river which are not navigable by the yacht herself. When the observations shall have been completed in any given locality the collections will be assembled on the yacht, which will then pass on to the next tributary to be explored. Para or Manaos will serve as a base of supplies, according to the region of the Amazon basin to which the expedition directs its attention for the time being.

The main purpose of the expedition is to study the Indian tribes of the Amazon valley, which have not been studied in detail, and to collect for the university museum specimens of their arts, industries, customs and modes of life. Their songs will be recorded on the phonograph, and their dances and various activities will be reproduced by the moving-picture camera. Systematic studies will be made of the native languages, religious and social systems and decorative art. In brief, the expedition seeks to furnish as complete a record as modern methods can afford of the native life of the Amazon valley and to illustrate these studies by adequate collections assembled in the university museum.

The remoteness and seclusion of many of the tribes which will be studied is indicated by the fact that such a condition as that reported on the Putamay river can exist in the face of modern civilization and without interference from any local government.

While the study of native life forms the main object of the expedition, other aspects of exploration will not be neglected. A medical investigator will accompany the party for the purpose of studying beri-beri and other fatal diseases peculiar to the Amazon region, and the flora and fauna of the country will receive due attention.

The man selected by the museum to have charge of the expedition is Algot Lange, whose experiences in the jungles of the Amazon two years ago, when accompanying a party of rubber hunters, nearly cost him his life. With Lange will be associated an ethnologist, a naturalist, a physician and a moving-picture photographer. The physician chosen for the post is Dr. Franklin Church of New York.

No danger is anticipated from the natives, who are peaceably inclined and hospitable to strangers. In dealing with these tribes many simple gifts will be made in exchange for feather work, bows and arrows and blowguns, drums and musical instruments, decorated calabashes and pottery.

BABY TO BE PERFECT WOMAN

To Be Only One In World When She Grows Up, Declares Her Father, Athletic Director.

Minneapolis, Minn.—To become the world's most perfect woman, physically, is the future mapped out for Margaret Terry Hudson Grant, two years two months old, by her father, Richard Grant, director of track athletics of the University of Minnesota, and ever since she was three weeks old, the baby has been training for the place she is some day to fill.

Systematic exercise, under the careful supervision of her father, who himself was formerly a track star at Yale, and who has "made" many Minnesota athletics, is as much a part of little Margaret's daily life as the food she eats. Mr. Grant explained the other day while the baby went through her regular course.

She weighs 28 pounds, without an ounce of fat on her little body.

She can walk up three flights of stairs and back without stopping.

The little girl, though beginning to talk, delights in her daily physical exercise. The more common of these includes:

A wand drill to strengthen and develop her chest muscles.

"She is going to be perfect physically when she krows up," confidently asserted Mr. Grant, "and probably that's something tht can be said of no woman in the world at this time."

TRAPPED, TRIES TO CUT FOOT

Man Imprisoned on Track Before Train Attempts to Use Knife on Captured Limb.

Chicago.—Caught on a railroad track like a fox in a trap, with a passenger train due in a short time, Joseph Kowanski, 51 years old, did what the animal would have done. He attempted to sever his foot.

Kowanski, a watchman in the Chicago & Eastern Illinois railroad yards at South Leavitt and West 43rd streets, was making his rounds at 5 o'clock in the morning when his left foot was caught in a frog.

Knowing a fast train was due in half an hour, Kowanski twisted and wrenched at the imprisoned leg, but in vain. The terrific strain broke the leg in two places. Almost unconscious from pain, Kowanski then attempted to cut off his foot with a knife.

Just as he was starting on the operation Alexander Gata, a fellow workman, happened along. He opened the switch and released Kowanski. The train passed the "trap" three minutes after Kowanski had been rescued.

GOAT VANQUISHES POLICE

Ruminant Butts Man Off Porch and Strips of His Uniform Officer Sent to Quiet Him.

Chicago.—John Boland of 1700 West Twenty-second street was a thousand miles from Chicago in his dreams, sleeping on a chair on the back porch, when a large Angora goat, with a snowy beard and a determined expression, butted him off the chair and into wakefulness.

Boland ran a marathon to the woodshed just in time to feel the impact of the goat against the door. Members of the family, aroused by his appeals for aid, telephoned the police and Charles Tickey, a brave patrolman, responded.

Tickey learned with ease to distinguish between both ends of a healthy goat. As he groped about in the dark yard something went amiss. He believes that he collided with the goat. At any rate, he sustained a terrific shock where the high cost of living is most felt.

Neighbors notified the police again, this time that a riot was in progress. They also suspected a Mexican invasion and a decisive battle in the Boland back yard. Policemen who crowded a responsive patrol wagon deduced the fact that the goat had disappeared, as they failed to sustain the shocks that almost sent Tickey to the hospital.

Boland, who has forsworn the chair on the porch for sleeping purposes, told the police he did not know what kind of an animal he had to deal with. He almost suspected that a white elephant was loose.

FINDS BIG BUNCH OF LOOT

Search for a Dollar Whip Discloses Stolen Property Worth $2,000.

York, Pa.—In trying to locate a dollar whip, which had been stolen from the buggy of Michael Dougherty of Chanceford, Detective Charles White unearthed at the home of Adam S. Kecsey of Spry, about two miles from this city, stolen property to the amount of $2,000, which had been carried away from the Pullman Automobile works. The plunder consisted of all parts of the machines.

Kecsey broke down and confessed his guilt and said he had been selling the loot for junk. In default of bail he was sent to jail. The accused man has a wife and five children.

OFFER PRIZES FOR CHILDREN

Citizens of Douglaston, L. I., In Queer Predicament Over School Money.

New York.—Having failed to find more than fifteen children in Douglaston, Long Island, one of the outlying villages included within the limit of Greater New York, of the proper age to attend a kindergarten, the citizens of the place will offer prizes to any one who will furnish three more children to attend the school, that the salary of the teachers may be paid by the board of education of New York. A state law provides that a city kindergarten must have at least eighteen children.

GOT RICH IN THREE YEARS

EXPERIENCES OF A BRITISH IMMIGRANT IN CANADA-WEST.

The following straightforward statement needs no comment to add to its force and effect. It appears in a recent issue of the Liverpool Mercury.

H. Patterson, of Nutana, Saskatchewan, Canada, when he arrived from Liverpool, had "Six of us to support," to use his own phraseology, and his funds were getting low. He secured a homestead 32 miles out from Sundurn, and started living on it April 15, 1907. The previous fall he put all his money, $137, into a shack and lot, making sure of a home. As cook and caterer in a local hotel he made $75 a month, and out of this had some savings out of which he paid his breaking and improvements on the homestead. The shack was sold to good advantage. Then Mr. Patterson tells the story after he had removed his family to the homestead:

"For the first month life was so strange and new that I hadn't time to think of anything, only fixing up our new home. I was so 'green' to farm life that I didn't know the difference between wheat and oats (I do now)! Between working out, cropping my place, and with my gun, we managed to live comfortably for the three years, which time was required to put in my duties. I had accumulated quite a stock of horses, cows, pigs, fowls, and machinery in the three years.

"In October, 1909, I secured my patent to my land, so took a few days' holidays to Saskatoon to locate a purchased homestead (viz., 12s. per acre) from the Government. Instead of getting the purchased homestead, I secured a half section (320 acres) on the Saskatchewan River for $25 per acre on easy terms, nine years' payments with a cash payment of $1,000. I mortgaged my first homestead, obtained chattel mortgages on my stock, and on December 24th, 1909, took possession; on June 10, 1910, I sold out again for $40 per acre, clearing, besides my crop (140 acres), $4,800. I also sold my first homestead, clearing $1,800 and two Saskatoon town lots, which we value at $1,000 each today. We placed all our capital in another farm (river frontage) and some trackage lots (60), also a purchased homestead (river frontage). I remained as Manager of the Farm I had sold on a three years' contract at a fine salary and house, garden, and numerous privileges.

"So by the time my three years have expired, with my investments and the increased value of my frontage and lots, I am hoping to have a clear profit on my $137 investment of $50,000. My land doesn't eat anything, and it is nearly all paid for. I hold a good position (and secure)"—Adv.

NOTHING ELSE TO DO.



"Why did you leave your last place?"

"Well, I couldn't get along wid de boss and he wouldn't git out!"

REAL ESTATE

All the year farming on healthy West Florida $20.00 lands. W.S. REEVE, PENSACOLA, Florida "Facts About Florida" FREE

Farms—Phillips Co., Ark., $10 to $40 per a. Corn average 50 bu. a. Short winter for stock. 12 hrs. to St. Louis. 5 r.r. Easy terms. Write for list. S. B. Campbell, Helena, Ark.

Write today for my **Good Farms** List. John A. Parker, Bellefontaine, Logan County, Ohio

Oil Lands Fine investment. We sell you a lot in our oil field and interest in oil well for $10. Write quick for full particulars. Pittsburg Oil and Development Co., Pittsburg, Texas

640 Acre Farm, $1 per acre down, balance terms to 20 years. $25.50 per acre, unimproved; 60 tons of hay with land. Adjoining farm threshed 60 bu. of oats, 35 of wheat per acre. Write owner, W. T. YOUNG, JR., Kimball, Nebr.

ALBERTA

160 ACRE FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE

THE PRICE OF BEEF

IS HIGH AND SO IS THE PRICE OF CATTLE.

For years the Province of Alberta (Western Canada) was the Big Ranching Country. Many of these ranches today are immense grain fields and the cattle have given place to the cultivation of wheat, oats, barley and flax; the change has made many thousands of Americans, settled on these plains, wealthy, but it has increased the price of live stock.

There is splendid opportunity now to get a

Free Homestead

of 160 acres (and another as a pre-emption) in the newer districts and produce either cattle or grain.

The crops are always good, the climate is excellent, schools and churches are convenient, markets splendid, in either Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta.

Send to the nearest Canadian Government Agent for literature, the latest information, railway rates, or write: Superintendent of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada.

C. J. Broughton, 412 Merchants L. & T. Bldg., Chicago
M. V. McInnes, 178 Jefferson Ave., Detroit.

NEW GOODS SALE

WE ARE OFFERING ON SPECIAL SALE

Two Large Cleveland Manufacturers Sample

1000 Sample Coats, Suits and Dresses

COATS, SUITS and DRESSES

1000 Sample Coats, Suits and Dresses

These two Cleveland makers have achieved a country wide fame in the manufacture of Women's and Misses' COATS, SUITS and DRESSES. They transact a tremendous business and when the season is over they care little for the samples---simply hand them over to one of their big favored customers for cash at practically cost of the bare materials. There were about twenty-five other large buyers there negotiating for these samples from different parts of the United States, but Mr. HEIN was given preference. Call it luck, favoritism or what you will, but the fact is we got the samples. Now we're not going to be a bit selfish and reap all the benefit ourselves, but we're going to divide with you all who have helped build up this business to the largest of it's kind in this section and place these garments on sale, instead of charging you the regular price.

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 2ND.

AND ALL NEXT WEEK

SAMPLE COATS That fit better and are made with every care. Materials are of extra heavy coatings, chinchillas, novelty mixtures, zybiline, etc. Every one fully worth $18.00 sample price **10.00**

SAMPLE SUITS That look better, need no altering, and fit properly around the collar. Made of novelty mixtures, cheviots and wide wale serges, any color desired is represented, $18.00 value, sample price **10.00**

THE PRICES BELOW TELL AN INTERESTING MONEY-SAVING STORY

There is grace in every line of these new sample models, while a description would give you some idea of them, you must see them, try them on and know the superior workmanship, examine the fine quality of material and note how perfect they fit to get a correct idea of what unusual fine values they are

SAMPLE COATS

Women's and Missess Coats, consisting of some nice worsteads and other extra heavy materials, worth $7.00, sale price---

$3.98

Women's and Misses sample caracul, worsted and extra heavy novelty weave Coats. $8 and $10 values, sale price---

$5.00

Women's and misses sample coats of striking beauty, man tailored throughout with big rounding shawl, collars and patch pockets to match, some with belt, others without. All made of those heavy mannish materials, worth $15.00 and $18.00, sale price---

$8.75

SAMPLE SUITS

Women's and Misses' tailored suits of extra quality heavy materials, made in novelty mixture goods and plain colors. All samples and worth $15, sale price, at

$7.98

Women's and Misses' plain tailored and Norfolk Suits in a wide range or materials and colors. These are something extra special for the money. All samples and worth $20, sale price

$12.50

SAMPLE DRESSES

Women's and Misses' dresses in a good quality serge, trimmed effectively, all sizes. All samples worth $7 and $8, sale price

$3.98

SAMPLE SUITS

Women's and Misses' special sample suits in heavy worsteds. cheviots, serges, whipcords, diagonals, corduroys, etc., every color and every color combination is represented. Worth 22.00 and 25.00, sale price, at

$15.00

An unlimited range of women's and misses high class suits, all lined with the best satins, beautifully trimmed and every stitch made right. All samples that fit properly without alteration. 30.00 and 35.00 values

$22.50

SAMPLE DRESSES

Women's and Misses' fancy silk and serge dresses, all colors, high neck and 3-4 length sleeves with beautiful lace yokes and trimmed very neat. All samples worth 12.00 at

$7.98

SAMPLE COATS

Women's and Misses beautiful diagonal, chincilla, heavy serge, cheviot, and zybeline coats, some half lined, others throughout with skinners satin some beautifully trimmed' others plain tailored. All sample garments valued at $20 and $22.50, price--

$12.50

Women's and Misses seal plush coats, full length models. Lined with guaranteed satin lining, have big silk frog ornaments. Also most beautiful caracul coats worth $22.50 and $25.00, sale price

$15.00

Handsome sample coats in the best materials. Astrakan, Perian lamb, velour, chinchilla, full and 3-4 lengths. Worth $35 and $40, sale price at

$22.50

Besides these sample garments and for further inducements to have you attend this sale we are placing our entire new fall and Winter stock on sale at exceptionable bargains. You can buy things you want and need at prices that represent big savings to you and just at a time when you most need goods too. Perhaps you'll want a new coat or a suit, a hat or a pair of shoes, some underwear or hosiery, a new corset or a set of furs. No matter what you want, if it's something to wear you are quite sure to find just what you want here at a price you'll be glad to pay.

NEW GOODS SPECIALS

Shaker flannel night gowns; full length, heavy quality 75c values	29c
Rubberized rain coats in tan and gray. Very serviceable $4 values at	2.48
Flannelette kimonas full length. neat patterns, $1.50 values at	79c
Soft black petticoats very good quality material, $1.50 values at	89c
Auto scarfs, mull scarfs, 2 yards long, in colors; our $1 and $1.50 values	69c
Combination suits and princess slips, beautifully trimmed, lace and embroidery, $1.50 values at	79c
Children's muslin drawers, petticoats, combination suits, etc. lace trimmed, worth 50c, at	15c
Rain coats of fancy poplin material in tan, gray, olive and navy worth $8, at	4.50
All Whitemore's shoe polishes regular 10c bottles at	5c
A nice line of aprons, gingham, tea and white at 15c, 25c, 50c and	75c

New Goods Sale of Millinery

We are showing in our Millinery Division smart sample "tailored" hats for smart sample coats and suits. Our hats make an ideal combination with these sample garments. 100 Sample Hats 3.75—Models of the latest style, hats that in the usual way sell at about double. Included are trimmed velvet, plush and beaver hats and the price is only

3.75

New Goods Sale of Furs

We are now exhibiting a splendid line of new fur sets and muffs. The price looks good in print but you will realize more fully how low they really are when you see them. Beautiful black and brown French Coney sets, Russian shawls and muffs to match, from 7.50 to

20.00

It is Advisable To Come Early

HEINS

WAUKEGAN ILLINOIS

NEW GOODS SPECIALS

Heavy shaker flannel Petticoats, the kind we sell so many at 75c; sale price	32c
Form Perfecting Corsets that fit any figure; all $1 corsets at	79c
Black Mercerized petticoats, with invisible pockets, worth $1, sale price	49c
Silk Petticoats, black, white and colored, also changeable at 1.98 and	2.98
Brassiers and Corset Covers, lace trimmed. our 50c values at	17c
House dresses of heavy grade flannelette in many patterns worth $1.50 at	79c
Childrea's Bonnets in bearskin, plush, etc. messaline, soiled 75c and $1 during sale only	19c
Heavy knit corset covers for women and misses; a $1 garment on sale at	45c
An endless variety of combs, barrettes, lace collars, ties, hat pins, belts etc., at 15c. 25c. 50c and	75c
Arch supports to help make walking easier. a very much needed article for everyone	1.50